

Thru-beam sensor ML29-P/59/103/115



- Single-beam monitoring with extremely narrow sensor
- Integrated circuit
- Test
- Simple installation Plug & Play
- Ideal for installation in door profiles or frames
- Dark on version

Single-beam miniature sensor, ideal for installing in frames or door profiles



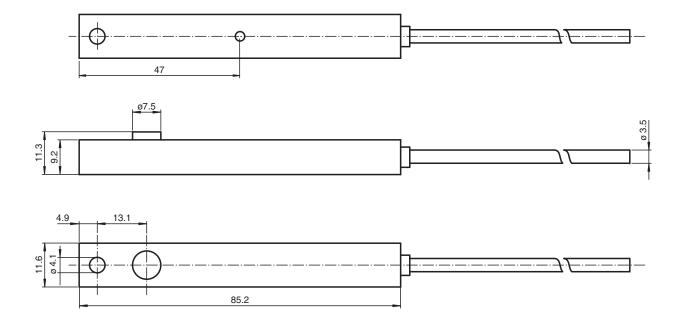
Function

The narrow miniature thru-beam sensors are a small and cost-effective solution, fitting in virtually any door frame. The ML29 and ML30 series offer fast, reliable detection at a distance of up to 8.5 m. The sensors are easy to mount on the profile, either using adhesive strips or a screw. A large opening angle ensures problem-free alignment. Several sensors can be mounted in a cross formation to offer multi-beam protection.

Application

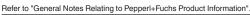
- Person detection for automatic doors and gates
- Closing edge protection on sliding and revolving doors
- Threshold monitoring for elevator doors
- Step monitoring for doors on public transport vehicles
- Trigger function for restarting escalators

Dimensions



Technical Data

System components Emitter ML29-T/115 ML29-R/59/103/115 Receiver **General specifications** Effective detection range $0 \dots 6 \, m$ Threshold detection range 8.5 m Light source **IRED** Light type modulated infrared light +/- 8 ° Opening angle Optical face lateral Ambient light limit 40000 Lux Functional safety related parameters 880 a MTTF_d Mission Time (T_M) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0 % Indicators/operating means Function indicator LED red in receiver: lights up when receiving the light beam **Electrical specifications** Operating voltage U_B 11 ... 30 V DC No-load supply current I_0 Emitter: ≤ 25 mA Receiver: ≤ 10 mA Input Test input Test: Transmitter switches off at +UB ≤ 5 V DC Output Switching type dark-on Signal output 1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector Switching voltage max. 30 V DC max. 0.1 A Switching current 100 Hz Switching frequency Response time 5 ms Conformity EN 60947-5-2 Product standard Compliance with standards and directives Standard conformity EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3 Standards Approvals and certificates CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V **Ambient conditions** Ambient temperature -20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F) Storage temperature -20 ... 75 °C (-4 ... 167 °F) Relative humidity 90 %, noncondensing Mechanical specifications IP65 Degree of protection Connection 6 m fixed cable Material PMMA, black Housing Optical face Plastic pane

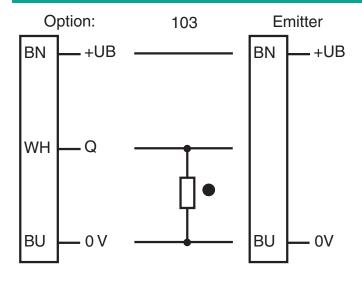


Mass

per device 12 g

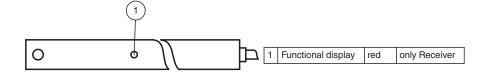
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Connection Assignment

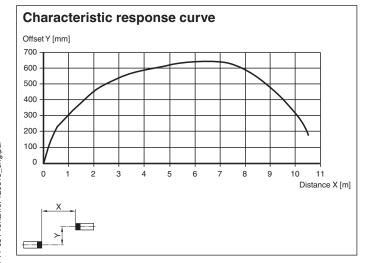


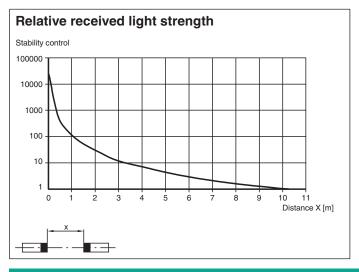
O = Light on ■ = Dark on

Assembly



Characteristic Curve





Function Principle

The thru-beam sensor requires a pair of devices for operation, comprising a light transmitter and a light receiver. The emitter and receiver must be arranged in optical alignment with each other. The infrared light from the emitter is detected by the receiver and evaluated.

Static detection:

The thru-beam sensor detects persons and objects independently of movement and surface structure for as long as the object breaks the detection beam.

		Electronic output
Light detection /25	Person in the beam	Inactive
	No person in the beam	Active
Dark detection /59	Person in the beam	Active
	No person in the beam	Inactive

Optics:

The relatively wide opening angles enable the light beam switches to be installed quickly, without alignment problems. Even if there is a light distortion of the installation profiles the function is retained.

Testing:

Testing is used to check the function of the light beam switch.

With supply voltage $+U_B < 5$ V the emitter device is switched off. This simulates a light beam interruption. By means of this, the function of the light barrier can be tested easily without using a separate test input.

Installation:

Thanks to its small dimensions, the light beam can be fitted in a U-profile or behind a face panel. The hole diameter for both the emitter and the receiver is 8 mm.

Even fixing by means of the adhesive tape contained in the delivery package can be considered.

Installation of twin-beam arrangement:

A twin-beam version requires 2 emitters and receivers. Care should be taken that the beam separation is not less than 20 cm. The transmitters and receivers must be arranged in the form of a cross.

