

Ultrasonic sensor UB800-F12P-EP-V15

- Switching point adjustment via potentiometer
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Synchronization options
- Very small unusable area
- Push-pull output
- Temperature compensation

Single head system

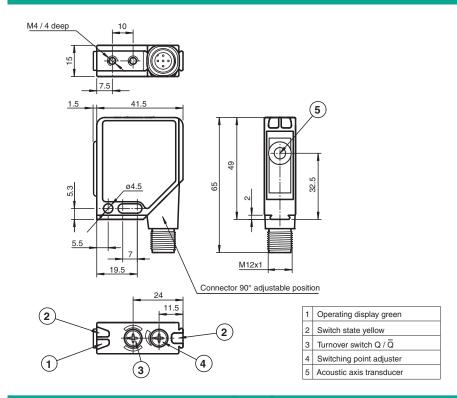








Dimensions



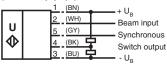
Technical Data

General specifications	
Sensing range	30 800 mm
Adjustment range	50 800 mm
Dead band	0 30 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 310 kHz
Response delay	approx. 100 ms
Indicators/operating means	
LED green	Operating display
LED yellow	switch output

Technical Data			
LED red		solid: stop plate switch point adjuster flashing: error	
Electrical specifications			
Operating voltage	U _B	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 %ss	
No-load supply current	I_0	≤ 25 mA	
Input/Output			
Synchronization		1 synchronous connection, bi-directional 0-level: $-U_B+1\ V$ 1-level: $+4\ V+U_B$ input impedance: $> 12\ k\Omega$ synchronization pulse: $\ge 100\ \mu s$, synchronization interpulse period: $\ge 2\ ms$	
Synchronization frequency			
Common mode operation		max. 45 Hz	
Multiplex operation		≤ 45/n Hz, n = number of sensors	
Input			
Input type		1 input for sound lobe adjustment small sound beam: $-U_B \dots +1 \ V$ wide sound beam: $+4 \ V \dots +U_B$ or open input input impedance: $> 10 \ k\Omega$ switching delay: 1 s	
Output			
Output type		Push-pull output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected	
Rated operating current	l _e	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected	
Voltage drop	U_d	≤3 V	
Repeat accuracy		≤1 %	
Switching frequency	f	max. 4 Hz	
Range hysteresis	Н	1 % of the set operating distance	
Temperature influence		± 1.5 % of full-scale value	
Compliance with standards and directives			
Standard conformity			
Standards		EN 60947-5-2:2007+A1:2012 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012	
Approvals and certificates			
UL approval		cULus Listed, General Purpose	
CSA approval		cCSAus Listed, General Purpose	
CCC approval		CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V	
Ambient conditions			
Ambient temperature		-15 70 °C (5 158 °F)	
Storage temperature		-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)	
Mechanical specifications			
Connection type		Connector M12 x 1 , 5-pin	
Degree of protection		IP54	
Material			
Housing		Frame: nickel plated, die cast zinc, Laterals: glass-fiber reinforced plastic PC	
Transducer		epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT	
Mass		60 g	

Connection

Standard symbol/Connections: (version EP, pnp/npn)



Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.



Connection Assignment

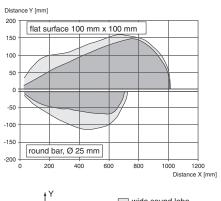


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Characteristic Curve

Characteristic response curve





Switching output function



Accessories

12	OMH-K01	dove tail mounting clamp	
	OMH-K02	dove tail mounting clamp	
~ (A)	ОМН-К03	dove tail mounting clamp	
	OMH-01	Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm 3 mm	

Accessories OMH-06 Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm ... 3 mm OMH-MLV12-HWG Mounting bracket for series MLV12 sensors OMH-MLV12-HWK Mounting bracket for series MLV12 sensors V15-G-2M-PVC Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey

Synchronisation

To suppress mutual influence, the sensor is equipped with a synchronisation connection. If this is not activated, the sensor works with an internally generated clock. Synchronisation of multiple sensors can be achieved in the following ways.

External synchronisation

The sensor can be synchronized by external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation impulse on the synchronisation input leads to the execution of one measurement cycle. The impulse width must be larger than 100 µs. The measurement cycle starts with the falling flank. A low level > 1 sec or an open synchronisation input puts the sensor in normal mode. A high level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two operational modes are possible

- 1. Multiple sensors are controlled using the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work in synch.
- 2. The synchronisation impulses are cyclically fed to only one sensor at a time. The sensors work in multiplex mode.

Autosynchronisation

The synchronisation connections of up to 10 sensors are connected together. These sensors then work in multiplex mode after power is switched on. The activation delay is increased corresponding to the numer of synchronised sensors.

Note:

If the synchronisation option is not used, the sync. input should be connected to ground (0V), or the sensor connected using a V1 connector cable (4-pin).

Selection of beam characteristics

By switching the beam input, the activation characteristics of the ultrasound sensor can be selected. If the beam input is open or connected to $+U_B$, the sensor works with a wide ultrasonic cone. A beam input connected to $-U_B$ causes the sensor to work with a narrower ultrasonic cone. This setting is preferred when an object in the vicinity of the sensor is close to the ultrasonic beam, and should be suppressed. The characteristic of the ultrasonic cone can be changed during sensor operation. Switching the sound cone characteristics becomes active one second after the change to the signal level at the beam input.

Setting the switch point

The ultrasonic sensor possesses a switch output, of which the switching point can be set simply and precisely using the built-in 12-position potentiometer. Using the switch $\overline{Q}/\overline{Q}$ which is also easy to find on the upper side of the sensor, the effective direction of the switching output can be selected.

There are two different output functions which can be selected

- 1. one switching point, normally open
- 2. one switching point, normally closed

LED display

	Opening function (Q\)	Closing function (Q)	
LED green:	Power On		
LED yellow:	Switch state Object outside switching area,	Switch state Object detected in switching	
	or no object	area	
LED red	Potentiometer for setting of switch point at "limit"		
LED red flashing	Ultrasonic error		