

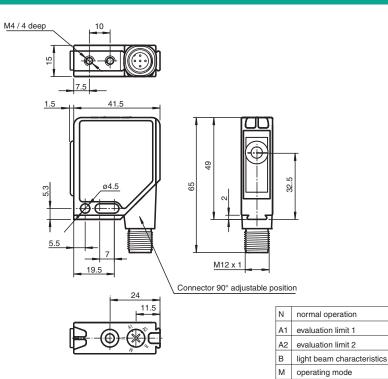
Ultrasonic sensor UB250-F12-U-V15

- Evaluation limits can be taught-in
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Synchronization options
- Very small unusable area
- Temperature compensation

Single head system



Dimensions



Technical Data

-		
- NO	General specifications	
	Sensing range	20 250 mm
one. v	Adjustment range	25 250 mm
5	Dead band	0 20 mm
Lale	Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
24-0	Transducer frequency	approx. 400 kHz
e date. 2020-0	Response delay	approx. 20 ms
	Indicators/operating means	
	LED green	Operating display
eleas	LED yellow	Evaluation range indicator, Ready for programming
-		

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

Release date: 2020-05-23 Date of issue: 2021-02-05 Filename: 202072_eng.pdf

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Teach-IN



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Technical Data		
LED red		Ready for programming, Fault
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	UB	12 30 V DC
No-load supply current	I ₀	≤ 30 mA
Input/Output		
Synchronization		1 synchronous connection, bi-directional 0-level: -U _B +1 V 1-level: +4 V+U _B input impedance: > 12 kΩ synchronization pulse: ≥ 100 μs, synchronization interpulse period: ≥ 2 ms
Synchronization frequency		
Common mode operation		max. 200 Hz
Multiplex operation		\leq 200/n Hz, n = number of sensors
Input		
Input type		1 program input Switching distance 2: +3 V +U _B Input impedance: > 10 k Ω
Pulse length		≥1s
Output		
Output type		1 analog output 0 10 V
Default setting		evaluation limit A1: 25 mm evaluation limit A2: 250 mm wide sound lobe rising ramp
Repeat accuracy		≤1 %
Load impedance		≥ 500 Ohm
Temperature influence		± 1.5 % of full-scale value
Compliance with standards and directives		
Standard conformity		
Standards		EN 60947-5-2:2007+A1:2012 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012 EN 60947-5-7:2003 IEC 60947-5-7:2003
Approvals and certificates		
UL approval		cULus Listed, General Purpose
CSA approval		cCSAus Listed, General Purpose
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature		-15 70 °C (5 158 °F)
Storage temperature		-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
Mechanical specifications		
Connection type		Connector M12 x 1 , 5-pin
Degree of protection		IP54
Material		
Housing		Frame: nickel plated, die cast zinc, Laterals: glass-fiber reinforced plastic PC
Transducer		epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
Mass		60 g

Connection

Standard symbol/Connections:

(versio	on U)			
		1	(BN)	- + U _R
		2	(WH)	Teaching input
U		5	(GY)	0 1
₼		4	(BK)	Sync.
· ▼		3	(BU)	Analog output
		_		- - U _B

Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

 Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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Connection Assignment

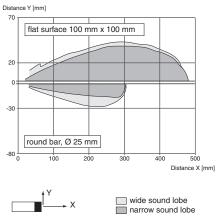


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1 2	BN WH	(brown) (white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

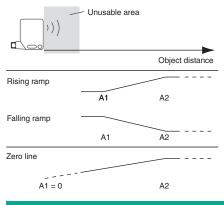
Characteristic Curve

Characteristic response curve



► X

Analogue output programmation



Acces	Accessories					
	ОМН-К01	dove tail mounting clamp				
	ОМН-К02	dove tail mounting clamp				
~	ОМН-К03	dove tail mounting clamp				

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Accessories				
0	OMH-01	Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm 3 mm		
, Contraction of the second se	ОМН-06	Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm 3 mm		
	OMH-MLV12-HWG	Mounting bracket for series MLV12 sensors		
E	OMH-MLV12-HWK	Mounting bracket for series MLV12 sensors		
	V15-G-2M-PVC	Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey		

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Additional Information

Function description

The sensor can be fully programmed by means of a push button and a selector switch on the top of the housing. A special feature of this sensor is the option of adapting the breadth of the ultrasonic beam to suit the ambient conditions at the point of use.

Normal operation

During normal operation the output stage of the sensor operates in accordance with the taught-in evaluation limits, the programmed mode of operation and characteristic of the sonic beam. In this made the selector switch must remain at the N position.

LED	Condition
Green LED	Continuous: Ready for operation
Yellow LED	Object detected within the evaluation limits

If the selector switch is not in the N position when the power supply is switched on, then this is indicated by simultaneous flashing of the green and yellow LEDs. However, the function of the output stage is as for the switch position N.

Teaching in of the evaluation range limits:

Within a time window of 5 minutes after switch-on of the power supply the sensor is ready for adaptation of the evaluation range limits to the requirements of the respective application.

- Place the object that is to be detected at one of the desired limits of the evaluation range.
- Set the selector switch to position A1.
- Now actuate the TEACH-IN button.

LED	before pressing but- ton	on pressing button	after pressing button
Green	Off	Off	On
Yellow	Flashes: Positive detection of object	On	Evaluation limit dis- played
Red	Flashes: No object detected On: Object not posi- tively detected	Off	Off

• The teach-in procedure for the evaluation range limit can be repeated by repeatedly actuating the TEACH-IN button.

Proceed in the same way for the second evaluation range limit, but set the selector switch to position A2.

• Return the selector switch to position N.

Note: Acceptance of the evaluation range limits into the permanent memory of the sensor does not take place until the selector switch is reset to N. If this acceptance does not take place within a time window of 5 minutes, the sensor continues to operate with unchanged values and the red and yellow LEDs flash.

The teach in sequence of the evaluation range limits (Near limit/Far limit) is arbitrary.

Alternatively, the evaluation range limits can be set electrically, via the teach-in input. In this case the selector switch is left in the N position. The two evaluation limits are taught in by applying the potentials $+U_B$ (A1) and $-U_B$ (A2), respectively, for at least 500 ms to the teach-in input.

Parameter assignment of the output function

Within a time window of 5 minutes from switching on the power supply the sensor is ready for adaptation of the output function.

- Set the selector switch to position M (Mode). The current set operating mode is indicated by the flashing sequence of the green LED.
- The optional operating modes are selected by briefly actuating the TEACH-IN button (See flashing sequence of the green LED).

Operating mode	Flashing sequence of the green LED	T button
Rising ramp	-Ŏ pause -Ŏ	\bigcirc
Falling ramp	- Č L Č Pause	
Zero point level	Pause	

• Return the selector switch to position N when the desired operating mode is displayed.

Note: Acceptance of the operating mode into the permanent memory of the sensor does not take place until the selector switch is set to N. If this acceptance does not take place within a time window of 5 minutes, the sensor continues to operate with unchanged operating mode and the red and yellow LEDs flash.

Parameter assignment of the ultrasonic beam breadth

Within a time window of 5 minutes from switching on the power supply the sensor is ready for adaptation of the ultrasonic beam breadth.

- Set the selector switch to position B (Beam). The flashing sequence of the green LED indicates the currently set ultrasonic beam breadth.
- The optional beam breadths are selected by brief actuation of the TEACH-IN button (See flashing sequence of the green LED).



Ultrasonic sensor

Characteristic	Flashing sequence of the green LED	T-Button
Narrow beam	-Ö,- Pause	\square
Medium beam	- Č J Č Pause - Č L	
Broad beam	- ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; Pause	

• Return the selector switch to position N when the desired beam breadth is indicated.

Note: Acceptance of the ultrasonic beam breadth into the permanent memory of the sensor does not take place until the selector switch is set to N. If this acceptance does not take place within the 5 minute time window, the sensor continues its operation with an unchanged ultrasonic beam breadth and the red and yellow LEDs flash.

Synchronisation

A synchronisation connection is provided for the suppression of mutual interference. If this is unused, or connected to 0V, then the sensor operates with an internally generated clock-pulse rate. The synchronisation of a number of sensors can be achieved by the following means. *External synchronisation:*

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square-wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input leads to the execution of a measuring cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 1.2 ms. The measuring cycle starts with the falling ramp. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input leads to the normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two operating modes are possible.

A number of sensors are triggered by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors operate in common mode.

The synchronisation pulses are fed cyclically to one sensor at a time. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

Self-synchronisation:

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors are connected together to provide the option of self-synchronisation. When the operating voltage is switched on these sensors operate in multiplex mode. The switch-in delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation cannot take place during teach-in and vice-versa. The sensors must be operated unsynchronised for the teaching-in of the switch points.

Note:

If the synchronisation option is not used, then the synchronisation input is connected to earth (0V) or the sensor is operated with a V1 connection cable (4-pole).

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