

# Ultrasonic sensor

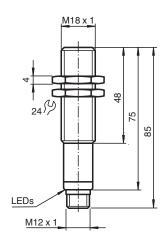
# UB500-18GM75-E5-V15-ET-Y216689

- Switching output
- 5 different output functions can be set
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Program input
- Synchronization options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation
- Very small unusable area

# Single head system



# **Dimensions**



# **Technical Data**

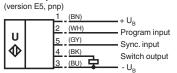
General specifications		
Sensing range	30 500 mm	
Adjustment range	50 500 mm	
Dead band	0 30 mm	
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm	
Transducer frequency	approx. 380 kHz	
Response delay	approx. 50 ms	
Indicators/operating means		
LED yellow	indication of the switching state flashing: program function object detected	

Technical Data

#### LED red "Error", object uncertain in program function: No object detected **Electrical specifications** Operating voltage $U_{\mathsf{B}}$ 10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 %SS No-load supply current $I_0$ ≤ 50 mA Input/Output 1 synchronous connection, bi-directional 0-level: $^{-}$ U $_{\rm B}$ ...+1 V 1-level: $^{+}$ 4 V...+U $_{\rm B}$ input impedance: $^{-}$ 12 k $\Omega$ Synchronization synchronization pulse: ≥ 100 μs, synchronization interpulse period: ≥ 2 ms Synchronization frequency Common mode operation max. 95 Hz Multiplex operation $\leq$ 95 Hz / n, n = number of sensors, n $\leq$ 5 Input Input type 1 program input, operating range 1: -U<sub>B</sub> ... +1 V, operating range 2: +4 V ... +U<sub>B</sub> input impedance: > 4.7 kΩ; program pulse: ≥ 1 s Output 1 switching output E5, PNP NO/NC, programmable Output type Rated operating current $I_{e}$ 200 mA, short-circuit/overload protected Default setting switching output at a distance of 180 mm, NC contact narrow sound lobe ≤3 V Voltage drop $U_{\text{d}}$ Repeat accuracy ≤1 % Switching frequency max. 8 Hz Range hysteresis 1 % of the set operating distance Temperature influence + 1.5 % of full-scale value Compliance with standards and directives Standard conformity Standards EN IEC 60947-5-2:2020 IEC 60947-5-2:2019 Approvals and certificates **UL** approval cULus Listed, Class 2 Power Source CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V **Ambient conditions** Ambient temperature -25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) Mechanical specifications Connection type Connector plug M12 x 1, 5-pin 18 mm Housing diameter IP65 Degree of protection Material Housing brass, nickel-plated Transducer epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT 60 g Mass **Factory settings** Output Switching point: 180 mm output function: Switch point operation mode output behavior: NO contact Beam width narrow

**EPPPERL+FUCHS** 

Standard symbol/Connections:



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

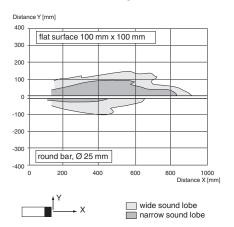
# **Connection Assignment**

#### **Connector V15**

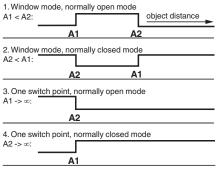


# **Characteristic Curve**

### Characteristic response curve



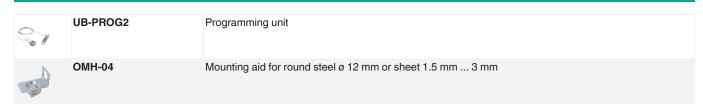
#### Programmable output modes



5. A1 ->  $\infty$ , A2 ->  $\infty$ : Object presence detection mode Object detected: Switch output closed
No object detected: Switch output open

# **Accessories**

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# **Accessories BF 18** Mounting flange, 18 mm BF 18-F Plastic mounting adapter, 18 mm BF 5-30 Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey V15-G-2M-PVC UVW90-K18 Ultrasonic -deflector M18K-VE Plastic nuts with centering ring for the vibration-free mounting of cylindrical sensors

# **Programming**

#### Programming procedure

The sensor features a programmable switch output with two programmable switch points. Programming the switch points and the operating mode is done by applying the supply voltage  $-U_B$  or  $+U_B$  to the Teach-In input. The supply voltage must be applied to the Teach-In input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognized the target during the programming procedure.

#### Note

Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

#### Note:

If a programming adapter UB-PROG2 is used for the programming procedure, button A1 is assigned to -UB and button A2 is assigned to +UB.

#### Programming of the switch output

#### **Window Modes**

#### Normally open (NO) output

- 1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
- 2. Program the window boundary by applying - $U_B$  to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U<sub>B</sub> to save the switch point
- 4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
- 5. Program the window boundary by applying +U<sub>R</sub> to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +U<sub>B</sub> to save the switch point

#### Normally closed (NC) output

- 1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
- 2. Program the window boundary by applying +U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +UB to save the switch point
- 4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
- 5. Program the window boundary by applying -U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from - $U_B$  to save the switch point

#### **Switch Point Modes**

#### Normally open (NO) output

- 1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
- 2. Program the switch point by applying +U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +U<sub>B</sub> to save the switch point
- 4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 5. Apply -U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U<sub>B</sub> to save the setting

## Normally closed (NC) output

- 1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
- 2. Program the switch point by applying -UB to the Teach-In input (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U<sub>B</sub> to save the switch point
- 4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 5. Apply +U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +U<sub>B</sub> to save the setting

#### **Object Detection Mode**

- 1. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 2. Apply -U<sub>B</sub> to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U<sub>B</sub> to save the setting
- 4. Apply +UB to the Teach-In input (red LED flashes)
- Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U<sub>B</sub> to save the setting

#### Adjusting the sound cone characteristics:

The ultrasonic sensor enables two different shapes of the sound cone, a wide angle sound cone and a small angle sound cone.

#### 1. Small angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-In input wire to -U<sub>B</sub>
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED flashes once with a pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates the presence of an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-In input wire from -U<sub>B</sub> and the changing is saved

#### 2. Wide angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-In input wire with +U<sub>R</sub>





disconnect the Teach-In input wire from +U<sub>B</sub> and the changing is saved

# **Factory Setting**

### **Factory settings**

See technical data.

#### Indication

The sensor provides LEDs to indicate various conditions.

	Red LED	Yellow LED
During Normal operation Proper operation Interference (e.g. compressed air)	Off On	Switching state remains in previous state
During sensor programming Object detected No object detected Object uncertain (programming invalid)	Off Flashes On	Flashes Off Off

# Commissioning

#### **Synchronization**

This sensor features a synchronization input for suppressing ultrasonic mutual interference ("cross talk"). If this input is not connected, the sensor will operate using internally generated clock pulses. It can be synchronized by applying an external square wave. The pulse duration must be ≥ 100 µs. Each falling edge of the synchronization pulse triggers transmission of a single ultrasonic pulse. If the synchronization signal remains low for ≥ 1 second, the sensor will revert to normal operating mode. Normal operating mode can also be activated by opening the signal connection to the synchronization input (see note below).

If the synchronization input goes to a high level for > 1 second, the sensor will switch to standby mode. In this mode, the outputs will remain in the last valid output state.

#### Note:

If the option for synchronization is not used, the synchronization input has to be connected to ground (0 V) or the sensor must be operated via a V1 cordset (4-pin).

The synchronization function cannot be activated during programming mode and vice versa.

#### The following synchronization modes are possible:

- 1. Several sensors (max. number see technical data) can be synchronized together by interconnecting their respective synchronization inputs. In this case, each sensor alternately transmits ultrasonic pulses in a self multiplexing mode. No two sensors will transmit pulses at the same time (see note below).
- 2. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same external synchronization signal. In this mode the sensors are triggered in parallel and are synchronized by a common external synchronization pulse.
- 3. A separate synchronization pulse can be sent to each individual sensor. In this mode the sensors operate in external multiplex mode (see note
- 4. A high level (+U<sub>B</sub>) on the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby mode.

Sensor response times will increase proportionally to the number of sensors that are in the synchronization string. This is a result of the multiplexing of the ultrasonic transmit and receive signal and the resulting increase in the measurement cycle time.

# Installation Conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.