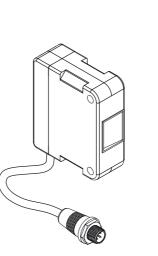
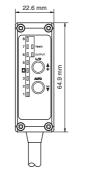


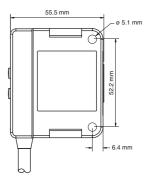


CE C US



Dimensions





Model Number

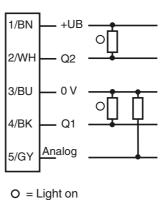
DK50-UV-330/79d/115b/147

Print mark luminescence scanner with fixed cable and M12 connector, 5-pin

Features

- Detect fluorescent chalk marks, clear ٠ glue, tamper-proof seals and other marks that regular contrast sensors cannot
- Detect marks on irregular back-• grounds
- Sense invisible or nearly invisible ٠ marks
- Compact, space-saving construction
- Integral timer available
- Differentiate degrees of luminescent • contrast
- Automatic or incremental teach .

Electrical connection



• = Dark on

Pinout

Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

(brown) (white) (blue) (black) BN WH BU BK GY 2 3 4 5 (gray)

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information" Pepperl+Fuchs Group www.pepperl-fuchs.com

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Germany: +49 621 776 4411 fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com

Singapore: +65 6779 9091 fa-info@sg.pepperl-fuchs.com



Technical data							
General specifications							
Detection range		0 330 mm					
Light source		LED					
Light type		modulated UV light					
Light spot representation		4.1 mm at 101.6 mm sensor range					
Teach-In		Incremental or automatic					
Indicators/operating means							
Operation indicator		LED green, 15 ms off delay timer LED green (x8), for contrast level indication					
Function indicator		LED red, lights up with receiver lit					
Teach-In indicator		Automatic Teach-In: green contrast LEDs turn on and off once from levels 1 through 8 then level 8 LED flashes twice Incremental Teach-In: green contrast level LED position may change					
Control elements		Push buttons for automatic or incremental Teach-In, L.O./D.O. mode, and/or off-delay timer					
Electrical specifications							
Operating voltage	UB	10 30 V DC					
No-load supply current	I ₀	50 mA					
Output							
Switching type		light on / dark on					
Signal output		1 PNP and 1 NPN short-circuit protected, reverse polarity pro- tected					
Switching voltage		max. 30 V DC					
Switching current		150 mA					
Measurement output		0 - 5 V DC R _{min} = 1 kΩ					
Switching frequency	f	2.5 kHz					
Response time		Discrete Output 200 μs Analog output 1 ms					
Ambient conditions							
Ambient temperature		-15 60 °C (5 140 °F)					
Storage temperature		-15 70 °C (5 158 °F)					
Mechanical specifications							
Housing width		22.9 mm					
Housing height		64.9 mm					
Housing depth		56 mm					
Degree of protection		IP67					
Connection		152.4 mm fixed cable with 5-pin, M12 x 1 connector					
Material							
Housing		Polycarbonate					
Optical face		Acrylic					
Mass		91 g					
Approvals and certificates							
Approvals		CE, cULus					

Function description

Adjustment

2

Automatic Teach

1) Position the sensor so that its effective ultraviolet (UV) light beam is focused on the luminescent target. The target should glow when excited by UV light.

A	С	С	e	S	S	0	r	e	S	

OMH-DK50 Right-Angled Mounting Bracket

V15-G-2M-PUR Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

Other suitable accessories can be found at www.pepperl-fuchs.com



2) While pressing the AUTO button, repeatedly press the "+" button to scroll through the four possible automatic teach modes. The direction of the flashing contrast indicator LEDs (numbered 1 through 8) indicates the current automatic teach mode (see Figure 1). When the desired mode is indicated, release the AUTO button. Descriptions of the four automatic teach modes are below.

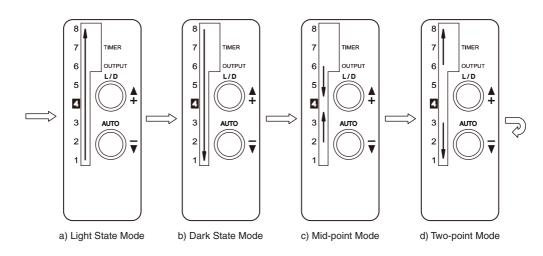


Figure 1. LED flashing sequence for automatic teach modes

a) Light State mode

- The most luminescent target should be in view of the sensor when the AUTO button is released.
- This mode sets the sensor's digital output threshold approximately 10% below the sampled point. The contrast indicator LEDs display the level of returned light relative to the threshold.

b) Dark State mode

- The least luminescent target should be in view of the sensor when the AUTO button is released.
- This mode sets the sensor's digital output threshold approximately 10% above the sampled point. The contrast indicator LEDs display the level of returned light relative to the threshold.

c) Mid-point mode

- The luminescent target should be in view of the sensor when the AUTO button is released to center the analog output.
- This mode sets the sensor's digital output threshold at the sampled point (the middle of the hysteresis band). The contrast indicator LEDs display the level of returned light relative to the threshold.

d) Two-point mode

- The luminescent target that should turn ON the digital output should be in view of the sensor when the AUTO button is released. Then the target that should not turn ON the digital output should be placed in view of the sensor, and the AUTO button should again be pressed and released. (Note: Insufficient contrast is indicated by all eight contrast indicator LEDs flashing three times.)
- This mode sets the sensor's threshold midway between the two sampled points. The contrast indicator LEDs display the level of returned light relative to the threshold. The contrast indicator LEDs are scaled to the application from level 0 to level 8 based on the two set points.

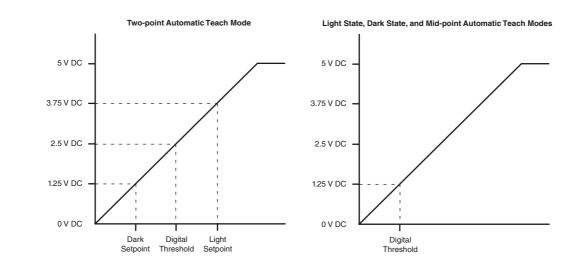


Figure 2. Digital Output Thresholds for Automatic Teach Modes



Incremental Teach

- 1) Position the sensor so that its effective ultraviolet (UV) light beam is focused on the luminescent target. The target should glow when excited by UV light.
- 2) Press "+" button quickly one or more times to manually increase the sensitivity of the sensor, and/or press "-" button quickly one or more times to manually decrease the sensitivity of the sensor.

Timer Mode

Push and hold both push-buttons simultaneously to turn on or off the integral 15 ms pulse-stretching timer. The green LED next to TIMER is on when the timer is active and is off when there is no timer function.

Setting Light On / Dark On Mode

Press and hold the L/D button for 2 seconds to toggle between Light on and Dark on modes. The red LED next to OUTPUT changes state when the mode switches.

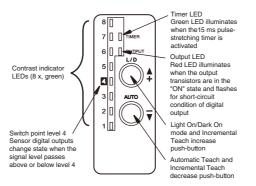


Figure 3. Push-buttons and Status Indication LEDs

Note on Sensing Range Specification

Sensing range specifications are typical values and are dependent on application conditions, the luminescent concentration, and other attributes of the target. It is suggested to test the sensor model in the application to ensure optimal performance.

