

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

MODEL 1005 TYPE Y OR Z

RAPID EXCHANGE® PURGING SYSTEM



Table of Contents

Page 2	System Purpose and Description Purpose, System description, Important notes
Page 3	Identifying Your System Defines specific features of the system
Page 3	General Information System & material specifications, Spare parts, Tools & test equipment, System accessories
Page 4	Enclosure and Device Design Design requirements, Adjacent enclosures, Device ventilation, Temperature limitations
Page 5	Installation Overview Installation diagram
Page 6	Getting Started Establishing connection sizes, Determining enclosure inlet & outlet connection locations
Page 7	System Mounting LH, RH, TM, BM & WM configurations, FM configurations
Page 8	Hardware Mounting Required enclosure protection vent, Warning nameplates
Page 9	Mounting Plate Dimensions Mounting plate dimension diagrams
Page 11	Pneumatic Tubing Requirements Protective gas supply requirements, Pneumatic connection requirements
Page 12	Tubing Installation LH, RH, TM, BM, WM, & FM tubing configurations
Page 13	Tubing Connection Diagrams LH, RH, TM, BM, WM, & FM configuration connection points, Pneumatic diagram
Page 14	Electrical Supply Requirements Wiring requirements, Enclosure power & alarm signal, Enclosure wiring methods & connections
Page 15	Conduit Installation Electrical & WPS style conduit and connection parts
Page 16	Set-Up Procedure Class I purging set-up
Page 17	Operating Sequence Class I purging operation
Page 18	Troubleshooting Procedures Troubleshooting chart
Page 19	Warranty and Liability Statement Warranty notes, General terms, Limitations
Page 20	Customer notes
Page 22	System Maintenance Regular maintenance, Long-term maintenance, Maintenance schedule
Page 23	Systems identification & application information

Purpose and Description

Purpose

Pepperl+Fuchs' Bebeco EPS System allows the use of general-purpose or nonrated electrical or electronic devices, with exception to devices that produce excessive heat, utilize combustible gas, or expose arcing contacts to the hazardous atmosphere, in NEMA (National Electrical Manufacturers Association) 4 or 12 enclosures in the place of explosion proof NEMA 7 enclosures. Other purposes include heat, moisture and dust contamination prevention.

Description

Model 1005 is a Rapid Exchange purging system that operates on a supply of compressed instrument air or inert gas. It regulates and monitors pressure within one or more sealed (protected) enclosures, in order to rapidly remove and prevent flammable vapor accumulation within the enclosure(s). The system accomplishes four air exchanges and maintains a "safe" (0.25") pressure on one or more enclosures not exceeding a total volume of 450 cubic feet. An EPV-5 enclosure protection vent is required for proper operation. This process reduces the hazardous (classified) area rating within the enclosure(s), in accordance with the NEC - NFPA 70, Article 500, NFPA 496 and ISA 2.4.

Important Notes

One (1) permanent file copy and one (1) operations copy of this manual must be studied and retained by the operator of this system. User's agents are responsible for transferring this manual to the user, prior to start-up.

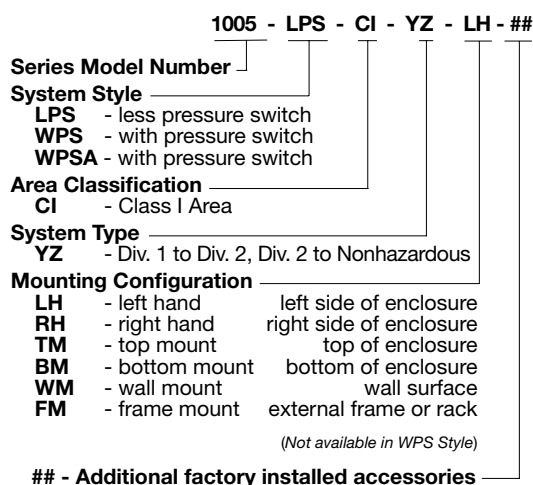
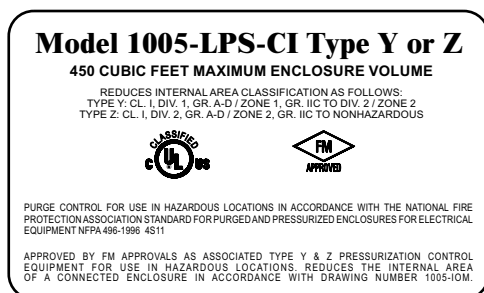
The contents of this manual have been arranged to allow the use of this product as a stand-alone device on equipment and enclosures supplied by the user or its agents. The manual's parameters encompass a combination of both National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) requirements and Pepperl+Fuchs, Inc. requirements. Pepperl+Fuchs therefore acknowledges the use of NFPA 496 as a guideline, that we have enhanced certain NFPA requirements and that additional information has been compiled to complete this document. The manual is intended as a complete guide and must be considered, unless specifically stated otherwise, that all directives contained herein are requirements for safe, practical and efficient use of this product.

This system is not intended for use to protect enclosures or devices that contain ignitable concentrations of gases or vapors. This exclusion generally applies to process or product analyzing systems equipment.

All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Identifying Your System

This enclosure protection system is offered in various styles. For proper installation and operation, examine the system model number nameplate to identify the system style, area classification, and type, as noted below.



General Information

System Specifications

System dimensions:	See pages 9 & 10
Shipping weight (lbs.):	LPS - 15, WPS - 25
Operating temp. range:	-20 °F to +120 °F
WPSA models using the "B" option (with BUNA-N diaphragm) have an operating temperature range of 0 °F to +120 °F	
Supply pressure range:	80 -120 psi max.
When using the optional inline filter, max. supply pressure is 80 psi	
Capacity & filtration:	8.5 oz. @ 40 microns
Supply requirements:	Clean air or inert gas
Safe pressure setpoint:	0.25"
Safe pressure flowrate:	** 0.1-3.5 SCFH
Exchange pressure:	* 3" - 5"
Exchange flowrate:	** 60 SCFM / 3600 SCFH
Exchange time:	1 minute / 15 ft ³
System supply port:	1/2" FPT
Enclosure supply fitting:	1/2" FPT
Enclosure reference fitting:	1/4" tube fitting
Switch setting (WPS & WPSA only):	0.15" ± 0.02"
WPS & WPSA pressure switch wiring:	1/2" FPT
Switch contact ratings:	
WPS Style:	120 VAC @ 15 Amps
WPSA Style:	*** 120/220 VAC, 24 VDC @10 Amps, 125 VDC @ 50 mA

* Enclosure integrity determines actual flow and pressure

** With regulator set to 80 psi min. during exchange

*** Supply voltages 24 VDC and 240 VAC available upon request

Subject to modifications without notice

Exchange flow rating is based on safety factors considered after extensive factory testing and does not reflect actual flow. Flow was measured upstream of system with an electronic flowmeter on a 5 ft³ enclosure. The system was installed with tubing that exceeded the maximum allowable linear length and quantity of bends listed in this manual for system supply, enclosure supply and enclosure reference connections. The system was tested in conjunction with the EPV-5-SA-00 enclosure protection vent, mounted directly on the test enclosure.

ABS Traceable Certified Exchange Flow Measurements with System regulator set at 80 psi, ambient temperature of 75° F

120 psi supply pressure:	63.42 scfm / 3805 scfh
100 psi supply pressure:	63.08 scfm / 3785 scfh

Material Specifications

Regulator body:	Zinc w/ enamel finish
Regulator handle:	Polycarbonate
Enclosure pressure gauge:	Aluminum w/ enamel finish
Rapid Exchange gauge:	Poly case & brass tube
Tube fittings:	316 SS forged body
Tubing:	316 SS 1/4" .035 welded
System nameplates:	Silkscreened Lexan® & SS
Fastener hardware:	Aluminum & stainless steel
Mounting plate:	316 14 ga #3 brush SS
EXP pressure switch body:	Anodized cast alum.
Enclosure warning nameplate:	Silkscreened SS

Lexan® is a registered trademark of the General Electric Company

Recommended Spare Parts

Qty	Description	Part # (supercedes)
1	Enclosure pressure indicator-CI	510023 (001000)
1	System filtered regulator	510074 (002140)
1	Rapid Exchange pressure gauge	513584 (002310)
1	Enclosure warning nameplate-CI	513008 (EWN-1)

Please call and reference the above part number for current spare parts pricing. Immediate pricing is available to all confirmed customers.

Installation Tools & Testing Equipment

- 1/2" chuck drill
- Complete set of drill bits
- 2" conduit knockout punch or 2.375" hole saw
- Complete set of tubing, conduit bending, instrument fitting and electrical craftsman hand tools
- 0-10" differential pressure gauge or manometer (connected to the protected enclosure to determine maximum pressure)



Model 1005 System Accessories

Enclosure Protection Vents (one required with each system)
EPV-5-SA-00 Straight w/ spark arrestor
EPV-5-SA-90 Rt angle w/ spark arrestor

Additional Items

SMK-2 or -8	System mounting kit
EPSK-1	Class I, Group C - D pressure switch kit
EPSK-1A	Class I, Group A - D pressure switch kit
GPSK-1	Class I, general-purpose switch kit
RAH	Div. 1 remote alarm horn
RAB-1	Div. 1 remote alarm beacon
RAB-2	Div. 2 remote alarm beacon
LCK	L fitting conduit kit
TCK	T fitting conduit kit
EFC-4	1/4" flush connector
EPC-10	1/2" pipe connector
EPC-15	2" pipe connector
ETW	Enclosure temperature warning

Enclosure & Device Design

Enclosure Design Requirements

1. All windows must be shatterproof and sized as small as possible.
2. All NFPA 496 required markings must be placed on or near all enclosure doors and covers.
3. The enclosure must withstand an internal pressure of ten (10) inches of water without sustaining permanent deformation and resist all corrosive elements in the surrounding atmosphere.
4. All lightweight objects in the enclosure, such as paper or insulation, must be firmly secured.
5. The enclosure should be constructed from materials such as metal or anti-static polycarbonate to meet or exceed NEMA 4 or 12 performance requirements, but does not require third party approval.
6. The installation of obstructions or other barriers that block or impede the flow of protective gas must be avoided.
7. The creation of air pockets or other areas that trap flammable gases within the enclosure or devices must be avoided.
8. The enclosure should be located in an area where impact hazards are minimal.
9. If the enclosure is nonmetallic and contains equipment that utilizes or switches power loads greater than 2500 VA, it must be constructed from substantially noncombustible materials, such as materials designed to meet or exceed ANSI/UL94 ratings of 94 V-0 or 94 5V.

Adjacent Enclosures

1. Adjacent enclosures must be protected by one of the following means:
 - a) purged or pressurized in series with the protected enclosure
 - b) purged or pressurized separately or
 - c) protected by other means; e.g., explosion proof enclosures, hermetically sealed devices or intrinsic safe circuits
2. Adjacent purged or pressurized enclosures must be designed to meet all construction requirements above.

Total Volume Calculation

1. The total volume of all pressurized enclosures, devices and wireways must be considered.
2. All enclosure, device, and wireway volumes must be calculated without consideration of internally consumed space.

Device Ventilation

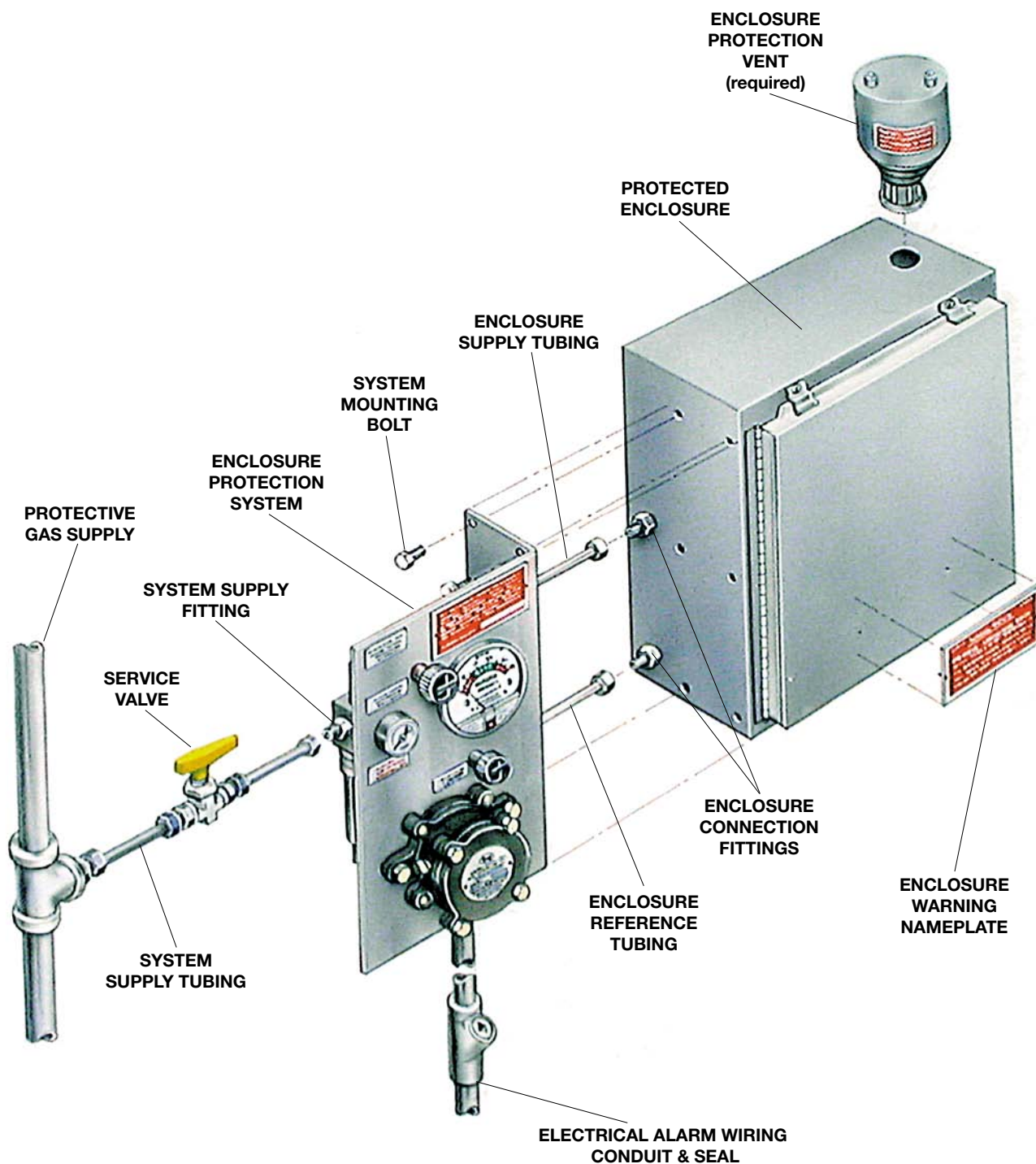
1. Enclosed devices within the protected enclosure which do not exceed 1.22 in³ of free volume do not require ventilation to the protected enclosure.
2. If the free volume of an internal device exceeds 1.22 in³ it must be protected by one of the following means:
 - a) ventilated on the top and bottom sides with 1 in² of opening for each 400 in³ of volume within the internal protected enclosure, at a minimum diameter of 1/4"
 - b) purged in series with the protected enclosure or be purged separately or
 - c) protected by other means; e.g., explosion proof enclosures, hermetically sealed devices, or intrinsic safe circuits.

Temperature Limitations

1. The enclosure must have no surface area that exceeds 80 percent of the flammable or ignitable substance's auto-ignition temperature.
2. Internal devices that exceed this temperature must be protected by one of the following manners:
 - a) The device is enclosed in a chamber that is cUL_{US} or FM listed as a hermetically sealed device that prohibits the entrance of a flammable or ignitable substance, and maintains a surface temperature below temperature limits.
 - b) It can be proven by testing that the devices will not ignite the substance involved.
 - c) The device is purged in a separate enclosure that bears an ETW (enclosure temperature warning nameplate). Devices may be accessed only after power has been removed and the device has been allowed to cool to safe temperature, or the area is positively known to be nonhazardous.

Installation Overview

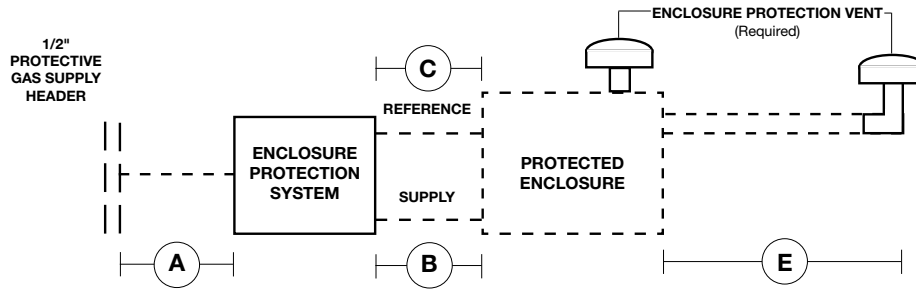
Model 1002-WPS-LH Shown



Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

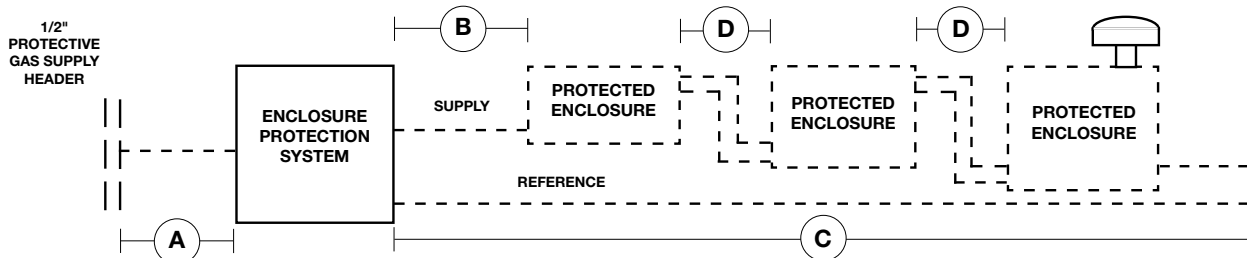
Getting Started

Typical Single Protected Enclosure Connections



Description	A System supply tubing	B Enclosure supply	C Enclosure reference	D Multi - enclosure connections	E Optional remote venting
*Tubing or pipe diameter	1/2" I.D. pipe fully reamed	1/2" I.D. pipe fully reamed	1/4" O.D. tubing fully reamed	2" I.D. pipe fully reamed	2" I.D. pipe fully reamed
Maximum tubing / pipe length and maximum number of bends / elbows	20 feet 10 elbows	5 feet 5 elbows	20 feet 10 bends	10 feet 5 elbows	30 feet 5 elbows

TYPICAL MULTIPLE PROTECTED ENCLOSURE CONNECTIONS

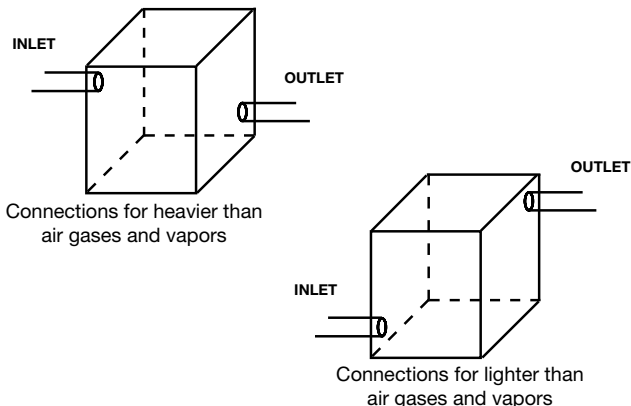


***NOTE:** Tube and pipe sizes are trade sizes and are not equal in inside diameters.
DO NOT substitute tube for pipe with same trade size.

HELPFUL HINTS

To ensure adequate protective gas flow to the protected enclosure(s), all piping and tubing must be fully reamed. Precautions must be taken to prevent crimping and other damage to protective gas piping and tubing. When protecting multiple enclosures with a single enclosure protection system, the enclosures must be connected in series from the smallest to the largest to ensure adequate protective gas flow.

Determining Enclosure Inlet & Outlet Connection Locations



HELPFUL HINTS

If flammable gases are lighter than air, the inlet connection to each enclosure must enter near a bottom corner. The outlet connection, for the required enclosure protection vent or piping to an adjacent protected enclosure, must exit near an extreme opposite top corner.

If flammable gases are heavier than air, inlet and outlet connections must be reversed.

In all cases, the most prevalent gas must determine the location of inlet and outlet connections.

System Mounting

IMPORTANT NOTES

The system should be mounted at **EYE LEVEL**.

Care must be taken to ensure the system and all protruding components are clear of all enclosure accesses (doors and covers) and conduit, pipe, tubing or cable entries.

LH, RH, TM, BM and WM configurations are intended for mounting adjacent to the protected enclosure.

LH, RH, TM & BM configurations are also suitable for 2" schedule 40 pipe mounting.

Determine the mounting configuration of your system using the diagrams on pages 9& 10.

Remove and save the manila envelope (containing the enclosure warning nameplate) which may be taped to the outer surface of the mounting flange.

Although all purge systems are factory tested and calibrated, we strongly suggest a bench test of basic functions prior to installation.

Mounting LH, RH, TM, BM & WM Configurations

Surface mounting systems

1. Transfer hole pattern of system mounting plate to intended surface.
2. Check for obstructions hindering bolt fastening, drill and ream the mounting holes before mounting the system.
3. Secure the system to the enclosure, or other mounting surface, using one (1) SMK-2 mounting kit or equivalent - four (4) 3/8" x 3/4" stainless steel bolts, nuts and lock washers.

Pipe mounting systems

1. Locate 2" schedule 40 pipe, (vertical for LH & RH, horizontal for TM & BM) within five (5) feet of protected enclosure.
2. Ensure system is mounted in a true vertical position, secure the system to pipe, using one (1) PMK-2 mounting kit or equivalent - two (2) 3/8" x 2" stainless steel "U" bolts, nuts and lock washers.

Mounting FM Configurations

HELPFUL HINTS

FM configurations are designed to mount through a panel cutout one (1) inch smaller than the overall height and width of the system mounting plate, using clips and fasteners provided with SMK-8 mounting kit. This design feature eliminates the need to drill the system mounting bolt holes in the protected enclosure.

FM configurations are intended for mounting adjacent to the protected enclosure.

1. Transfer panel cutout pattern to the intended surface.
2. Check for obstructions which could prohibit bolt fastening or system pneumatic connections.
3. Cut panel cutout pattern on the intended surface.
4. Deburr all cutout surfaces.
5. Secure system to enclosure using SMK-8 mounting kit or equivalent - eight (8) 1/4" x 3/4" stainless steel nuts, bolts, mounting clips and lock washers.

Typical Examples of Surface, Pipe & Frame Mounted Systems



Typical Surface Mounted System
(Model 1002-LPS-CI-Z-LH shown)



Typical Pipe Mounted System
(Model 1002-LPS-CI-Z-LH shown)



Typical Frame Mounted System
(Model 1002-LPS-CI-YZ-FM shown)

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

Hardware Mounting

Required Enclosure Protection Vent

All configurations must be mounted in a true vertical position.

The vent must be located to provide access for routine testing of the vent's flapper assembly. A minimum 8" clearance is required below the vent opening.

1. Determine the vent's mounting configuration, i.e., -00 vertical mount or -90 side mount. See photos below.
2. Determine vent location and layout vent mounting hole on the protected enclosure (as determined on page 6, "Getting Started").
3. Using a 2.375" hole saw or 2" conduit punch, drill and deburr the enclosure protection vent mounting hole.
4. Remove the hub mounting nut from the vent hub and place the hub, with O-ring intact, through the mounting hole. The O-ring must be on the outside of the protected enclosure.
5. Reinstall the hub mounting nut to the mounting hub from inside the protected enclosure and tighten.



EPV - 5 - SA - 00
Vertical Mount



EPV - 5 - SA - 90
Side Mount

Warning Nameplate(s)

An EWN (enclosure warning nameplate) must be located in a prominent position on or near all enclosure accesses (doors and covers).

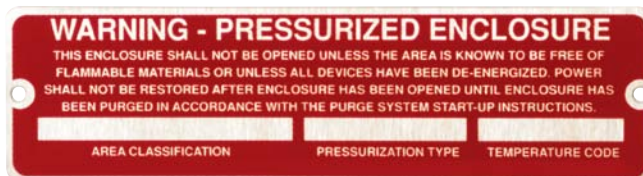
One (1) EWN is provided with each system, located in the manila envelope taped to the mounting flange of the system. Additional EWNs are available from Pepperl+Fuchs.

All EWNs provide labeled spaces allowing the customer to mark the protected enclosure with: 1) a T Code (temperature identification number), 2) Class, Group and Division of surrounding area, and 3) NFPA pressurization Type X, Y or Z, as may be required by plant and local codes and is required by NFPA 496 section 2-11.

An ETW (enclosure temperature warning nameplate) must be located in a prominent position on or near all enclosure accesses (doors and covers) when the temperature of an internal component exceeds 80 percent of the ignition temperature of the flammable vapor, gas or dust involved.

The ETW warns the operator to deenergize all equipment for a specified length of time, allowing the protected equipment to cool before opening the protected enclosure. The length of time required is determined by the customer and can be factory or field engraved.

All EWNs and ETWs are furnished with an adhesive back, but should also be riveted or screwed to the protected enclosure.



Enclosure Warning Nameplate - Class I



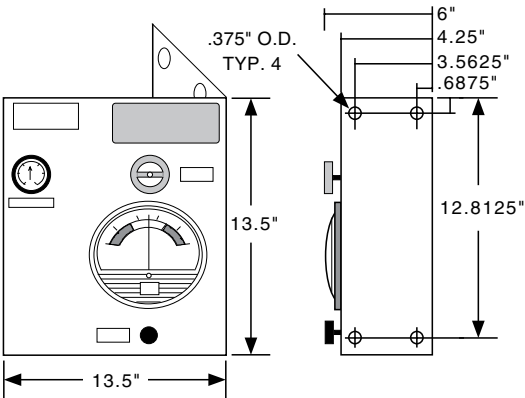
Enclosure Warning Nameplate - Class II



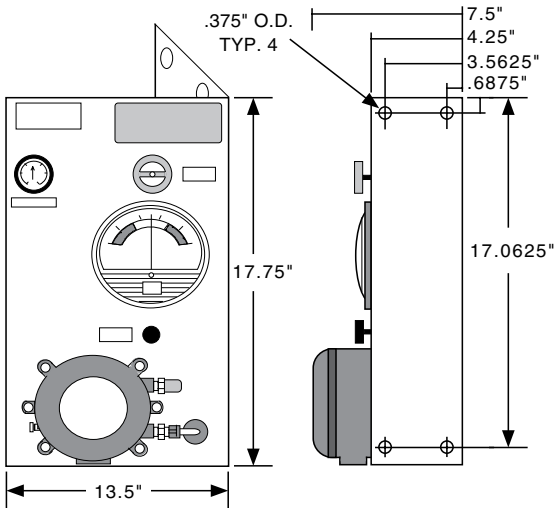
Enclosure Temperature Warning Nameplate



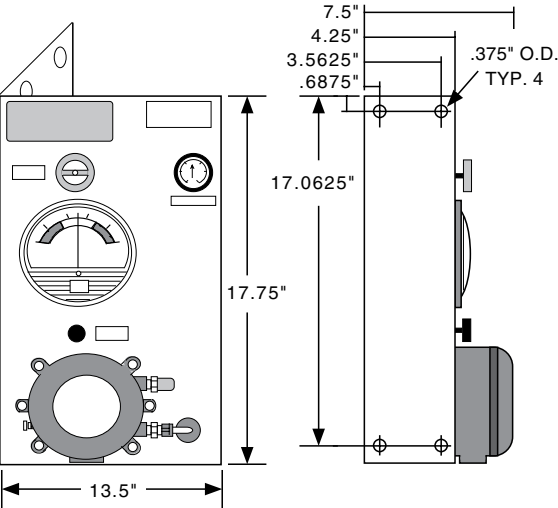
Mounting Plate Dimensions



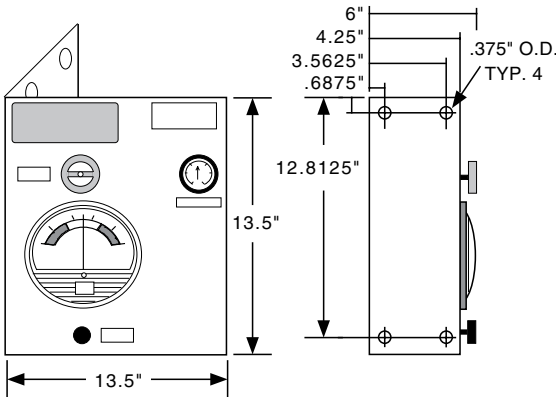
1005-LPS-LH
(Left hand configuration)



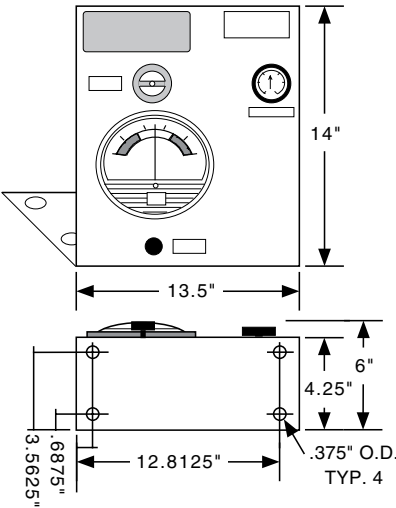
1005-WPS & WPSA -LH
(Left hand configuration)



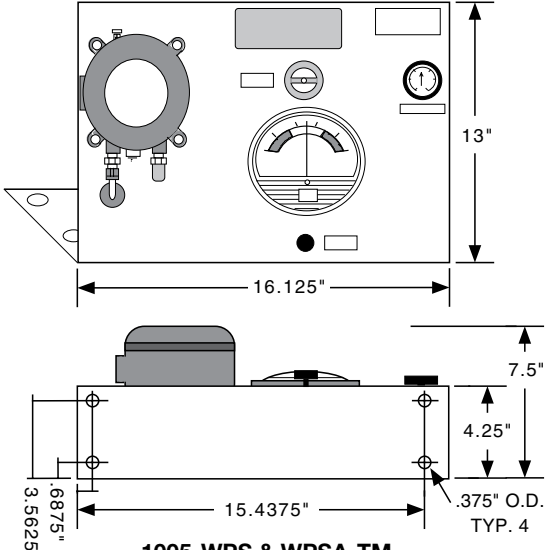
1005-WPS & WPSA -RH
(Right hand configuration)



1005-LPS-RH
(Right hand configuration)



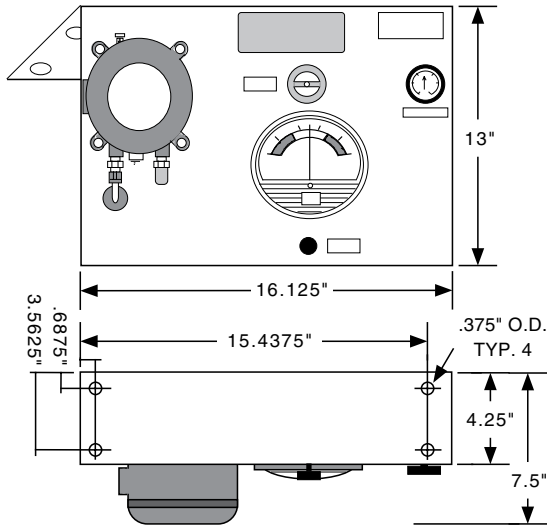
1005-LPS-TM
(Top mount configuration)



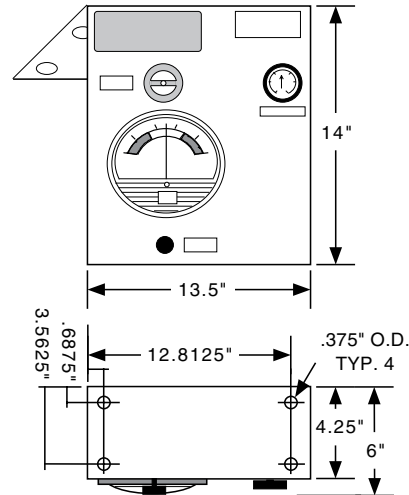
1005-WPS & WPSA -TM
(Top mount configuration)

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

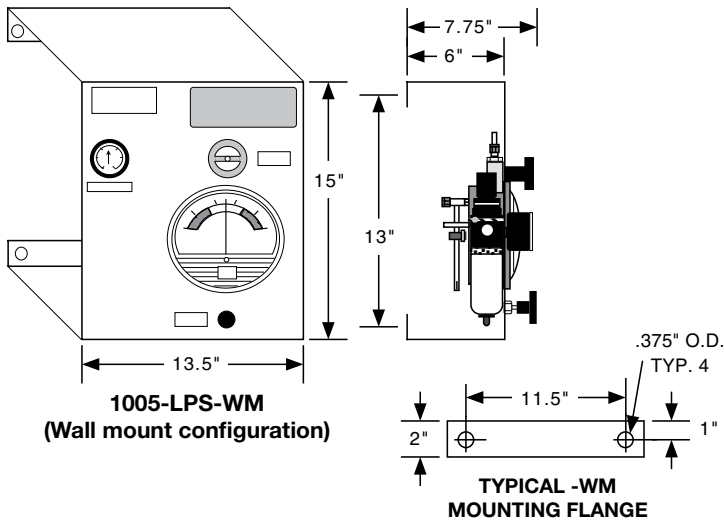
Mounting Plate Dimensions (continued)



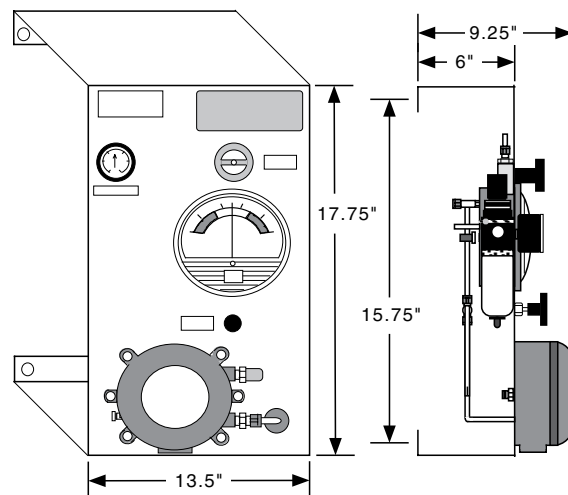
1005-WPS & WPSA-BM
(Bottom mount configuration)



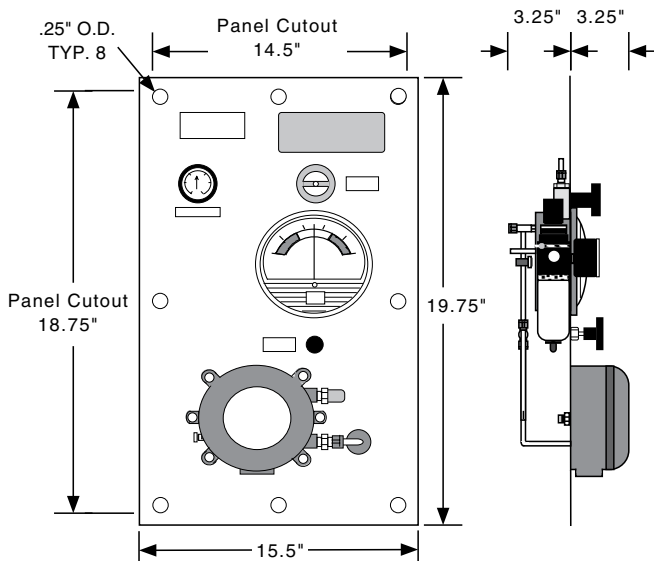
1005-LPS-BM
(Bottom mount configuration)



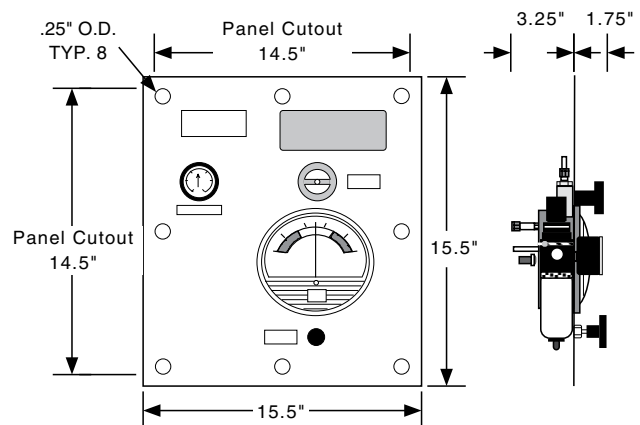
1005-LPS-WM
(Wall mount configuration)



1005-WPS & WPSA-WM
(Wall mount configuration)



1005-WPS & WPSA-FM
(Frame mount configuration)



1005-LPS-FM (Frame mount configuration)

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Pneumatic Tubing Requirements

Protective Gas Supply Requirements

The protective gas supply to the protection system must be a clean, instrument quality compressed air or nitrogen and must contain no more than trace amounts of flammable gas, vapor or dust.

The protective gas supply compressor intake must originate in a nonhazardous location. Suction duct passing through a hazardous location and the protection system tubing and piping must be fabricated from noncombustible materials suitable for prevailing hazards and environmental conditions.

The protective gas supply must originate from a dedicated instrument quality compressed air header (1/2" pipe or larger), no farther than twenty (20) feet from the protection system. Local compressors and gas cylinders should not be used before consulting with Pepperl+Fuchs.

The protective gas supply to the protection system must be regulated from 120 psi maximum to 80 psi minimum.

Pneumatic Connection Requirements

ALL FITTINGS MAY BE CUSTOMER OR FACTORY FURNISHED

1. For system supply, one (1) lot 150# rating 1/2" galvanized or aluminum pipe and fittings, fully reamed and unrestricted.
2. For enclosure supply, one (1) EPC-10 1/2" flush connector or equivalent fitting per system.
3. For enclosure reference, one (1) model EFC-4 1/4" flush connector, or one (1) EBC-4 1/4" feed-through connector or equivalent fitting per system.
4. One (1) lot of 1/4" O.D., .035" wall thickness, welded or seamless stainless steel tubing.
5. For multiple enclosure connections, two (2) EPC-15 2" pipe mounting hubs or equivalent and 2" 150# rated pipe couplings & unions per interconnection.

One (1) lot 150# rating 2" galvanized or aluminum pipe and fittings, fully reamed and unrestricted.



EPC-10
ENCLOSURE SUPPLY FITTING



EFC-4
ENCLOSURE REFERENCE FITTINGS



EBC-4



EPC-15
MULTIPLE ENCLOSURE CONNECTION FITTING

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Tubing Installation

HELPFUL HINTS

All work must be performed by technicians qualified in pneumatic tubing and electrical conduit installation.

Pepperl+Fuchs recommends the use of .035" wall thickness, welded or seamless stainless steel tubing.

If flexible tubing is used, it must be installed in a manner that protects it from damage and corrosion.

LH, RH, TM, BM, WM & FM Configurations

System supply connections

1. Select or install a protective gas supply header tap within twenty (20) feet of the enclosure protection system.
2. If a service valve is placed between the protective gas supply header and the enclosure protection system, it must be installed in close proximity of the protected enclosure and be labeled in accordance with NFPA 496.
3. Select the appropriate fittings required to connect the protective gas supply to the protection system regulator as determined on page 11, "Pneumatic Connection Requirements."
4. Determine appropriate tubing route from the protective gas supply header to the protection system regulator.
5. Bend tubing using industrial grade benders, check tubing fit to ensure proper seating between the tubing and fittings. Fully ream all tubing ends.
6. Install tubing and tighten all fittings to fitting manufacturer's specifications. Secure tubing to appropriate structural supports as required.

Enclosure supply & reference connections

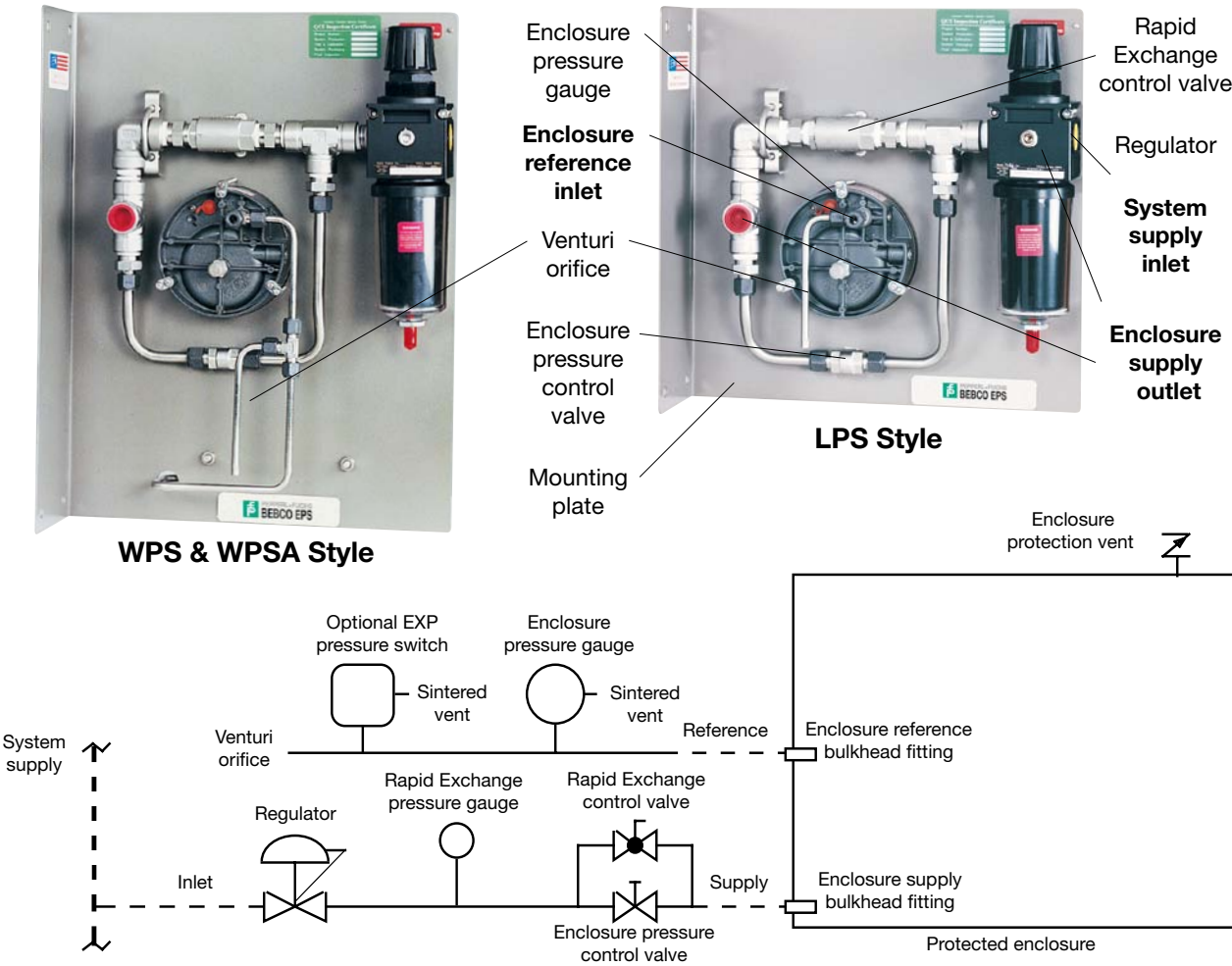
1. Choose location for the enclosure supply connection(s) based on the requirements on page 6, "Getting Started."
2. Place the enclosure reference connection fitting directly behind the enclosure protection system and at least one foot away from the enclosure supply and enclosure protection vent connections, whenever possible. For systems protecting multiple enclosures in series, the enclosure reference connection fitting must be placed on the last enclosure in the series. See page 6, "Getting Started."
3. Drill and deburr enclosure supply and reference fitting holes on the protected enclosure. Mount the fittings.
4. Determine appropriate route for the enclosure supply and reference tubing.
5. Bend tubing using industrial grade benders, check tubing fit to ensure proper seating between the tubing and fittings. Fully ream all tubing ends.
6. Install tubing and tighten all fittings to fitting manufacturer's specifications. Secure tubing to appropriate structural supports as required.

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Tubing Connection Diagrams

LH, RH, TM, BM, WM & FM Configuration Connection Points & Pneumatic Diagram



Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

Electrical Supply Requirements

General Wiring Requirements

WARNING! This device contains electrical parts that can cause shock or injury.

All electrical connections, conduit and fittings on the protected enclosure must be suitable for the hazardous location in which they are installed. In addition, all conduit and wire must be installed in accordance with NEC as required and all relevant plant and local codes.

Note: Do not use seals on conduit used as a protected "wireway" to supply protective gas to adjacent protected enclosures. The same conduit can be utilized for both electrical and pneumatic service to an adjacent protected enclosure(s), provided the conduit is oversized to allow a minimum free clearance equal to or larger than the pipe size required between multiple enclosures as stated on page 6, "Getting Started."

Enclosure Power Requirements

The protected enclosure(s) electrical power source must originate from a circuit breaker or fused disconnect suitable for the hazardous location in which it is installed. The switch must be located within fifty (50) feet of the protected enclosure(s) and the protection system and be properly marked.

Alarm Signal Requirements

For Type Y and Z purge systems, audible alarms or visual indicators must be used to notify operators that pressure inside the enclosure is below the NFPA minimum

Alarms are connected directly to the enclosure and monitor the differential air pressure between the enclosure and the environment outside it. These alarms are activated by the reduction in flow or pressure within the protective enclosure and have a direct connection to the enclosure, eliminating the need for an alarm on the protective gas supply.

- The alarm must be located where the operator can see it easily
- The alarm must take its measurement from the enclosure only
- Alarms located in the hazardous area must be rated for the area
- Valves cannot be connected between the alarm and the enclosure

IMPORTANT NOTE: NFPA 496 requires the use of an alarm or an indicator to detect the loss of safe enclosure pressure. In addition, the NFPA 496 requires that if an indicator alone is utilized, a protective gas supply alarm must also be installed between the last valve in the protective gas supply and the protected enclosure. Therefore, the protective gas supply to all LPS Style systems must be equipped with the above mentioned protective gas supply alarm. Exception: systems utilizing either an EPSK or GPSK enclosure pressure loss alarm switch accessory will satisfy the above mentioned NFPA requirement.

Typical Enclosure Wiring Methods

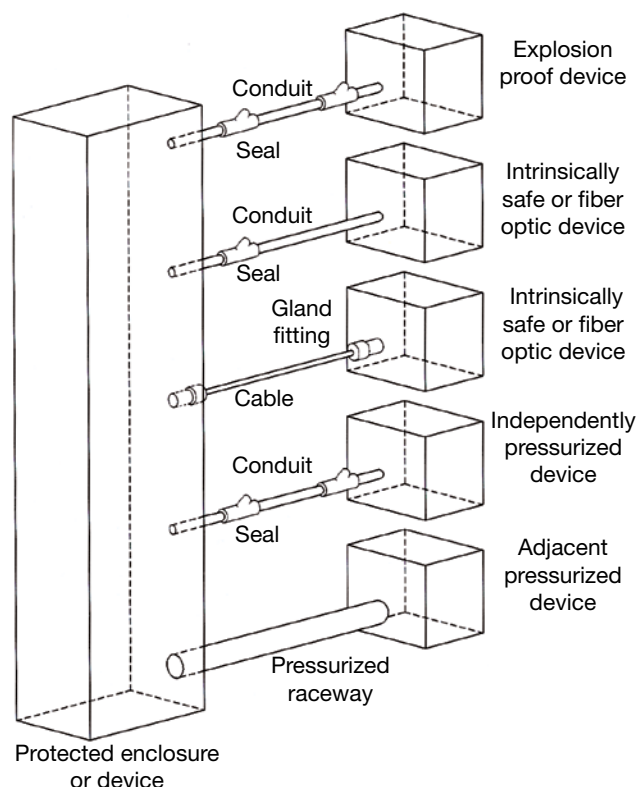
Protected enclosures should be wired similar to explosion proof enclosures, in accordance with Article 500 of the National Electric Code - NFPA 70.

Single conductor wiring should be placed in rigid metal conduit, seal-flex conduit or other mediums approved for use in the hazardous location surrounding the protected enclosure. Additionally, NFPA 496 requires the use of approved seals on all pressurized enclosure conduit wiring entries, in accordance with NFPA 70. Furthermore, the use of an approved seal is simply the most practical way to prevent excessive leakage through conduit connections.

However, while explosion proof enclosures require conduit seals on all cable entries, in accordance with NFPA 70. Other methods of sealed cable entries that are suitable for hazardous locations can be used, such as compression glands.

In conclusion, there are two primary goals. First, the installer should ensure that all associated wiring and cable is protected by pressurization or other means, such as explosion proof conduit or intrinsic safety barriers. Secondly, the installer should ensure that all associated conduit and wireways are sealed to conserve protective gas, unless they are used to supply protective gas to other enclosures or devices.

Typical Enclosure Wiring Connections



Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

Conduit Installation

Electrical Conduit

1. Choose the location for the enclosure's electrical conduit connection(s) based on the requirements on page 14, "Electrical Supply Requirements."
2. Drill and deburr enclosure conduit fitting holes in the protected enclosure. Mount the fittings.
3. Determine appropriate route for the enclosure electrical and power alarm signal conduit.
4. Measure, cut and thread conduit, check conduit fit to insure proper seating. Fully ream all conduit.
5. Install conduit and tighten all fittings to fitting manufacturers specifications. Secure conduit to appropriate structural supports as required.
6. Seal all conduit with an approved compound prior to operation of the protection system.

HELPFUL HINT

It may be impractical to pour all electrical conduit seals prior to installation in the field. However, all conduit connections must be sealed for proper testing and operation of the enclosure protection system. Therefore, the use of temporary seals such as duct seal or masking tape for bench or shop testing, prior to final field installation may be used.

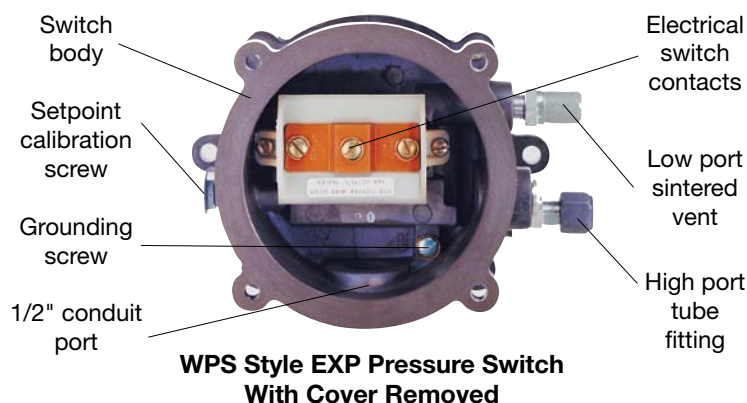
WPS & WPSA Style Conduit

WPS and WPSA style systems provide electrical contacts for audible or visual alarm devices that signal a loss of protected enclosure pressure. WPS and WPSA style systems are calibrated to alarm at 0.15" for Class I applications. The switches are suitable for hazardous (classified) outdoor locations. Wiring must be installed with a seal and conduit fittings suitable for the area. Alarm circuit power may be derived from the protected enclosure power source or an intrinsically safe alarm signal source. All associated alarm devices must be protected by suitable means (explosion proof, purged or intrinsically safe).

WPS & WPSA Style Conduit Connection Parts

Fitting Kits Can Be Factory Furnished

1. For WPS and WPSA style EXP pressure loss alarm switch connected to an enclosure mounted alarm, one (1) LCK (L fitting conduit kit) or equivalent conduit elbow, coupling and seal fittings.
2. For WPS and WPSA style EXP pressure loss alarm switch connected to a remote mounted alarm, one (1) TCK (T fitting conduit kit) or equivalent conduit tee, coupling and seal fittings.
3. One (1) lot 150# rating 1/2" galvanized or aluminum pipe.



**WPS Style EXP Pressure Switch
With Cover Removed**



**WPSA Style EXP Pressure Switch
With Cover Removed**



TCK "T" Fitting Conduit Kit



LCK "L" Fitting Conduit Kit

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

Set-up Procedure

HELPFUL HINTS

The term "safe" pressure for purposes of this manual is defined as a minimum .25 inch of water column pressure.

Regulator may be in the locked position upon arrival. To adjust regulator, pull handle to outward position.

To test the vent's operation, gently prod the vent flapper open with a soft-pointed object, (example: eraser end of a pencil) ensuring that the vent valve works freely. On vertically configured vents, this can be accomplished from within the protected enclosure. Side mounted -90 configured vents can be tested by removing the conduit plug at the bottom of the mounting tee. Multiple operations require only one test per day if enclosure is not opened or left unattended.

Pepperl+Fuchs Rapid Exchange purging systems provide a pre-calibrated and certified volume exchange rate. With the Rapid Exchange pressure gauge set at 80 psi minimum, the model 1005 will accomplish the required volume exchanges at a rate of ONE MINUTE PER 15 CUBIC FEET of enclosure volume.

NOTE: The volume exchange rate is based on a four (4) enclosure volume exchange. Multiply the required exchange time by 2.5 for applications requiring a ten (10) volume exchange (motors).

Regardless of enclosure volume or system flow rate, it is required that operators withhold power to the enclosure while inducing the Class I enclosure volume exchange, for at least five (5) minutes. Normal exchange times should be doubled if large obstructions block inert gas flow.

The start-up instruction nameplate exchange time slot will feature the standard factor for this system "ONE MINUTE PER 15 CUBIC FEET," but the unit may feature a set of direct factor nameplates with self-adhesive backing such as "TEN MINUTES," for application to the start-up instructions, dependent on how the system was specified and purchased. Field modification of this nameplate, to show a direct factor, is acceptable as noted above if the method used to mark the nameplate does not deface the instructions listed. Materials used for the marking must be indelible and withstand prevailing environmental conditions.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Operators must secure wrist or stop watch to manually time exchange cycle for all applications.

Class I Purging Set-up

1. Close the enclosure pressure and Rapid Exchange control valves fully by turning clockwise (CW).
2. Connect the inert gas supply to the system supply inlet and set the Rapid Exchange pressure gauge to 80 psi.
3. Temporarily connect a 0-10 inch water column pressure gauge or manometer to the protected enclosure.
4. Check operation of enclosure protection vent as detailed above. See "Helpful Hint."
5. Seal enclosure(s) and adjust enclosure pressure control valve by opening slowly counterclockwise (CCW) to set a "safe" pressure on the enclosure pressure gauge.
NOTE: If pressure setting is difficult to stabilize or set, see page 18, "Troubleshooting Procedures."
6. Open Rapid Exchange control valve fully by turning 90° CCW and quickly ensure the enclosure protection vent opens. Note: The enclosure pressure gauge should move quickly off scale to the right, this is normal for all Rapid Exchange purging systems.
7. Readjust the regulator to 80 psi minimum, while inducing Rapid Exchange, until the test gauge reads approximately 2 inches of pressure and does not fluctuate. (insufficient enclosure pressure will cause the enclosure protection vent to "shuttle") DO NOT exceed 10 inches of pressure within the protected enclosure.
8. Install and tighten all bolts on the pressure loss alarm switch (if utilized). Ensure the conduit is sealed with approved compounds. Energize power to switch and alarm system (if utilized) and test the function of the alarm system.
9. Cease testing and remove test equipment.

Operating Sequence

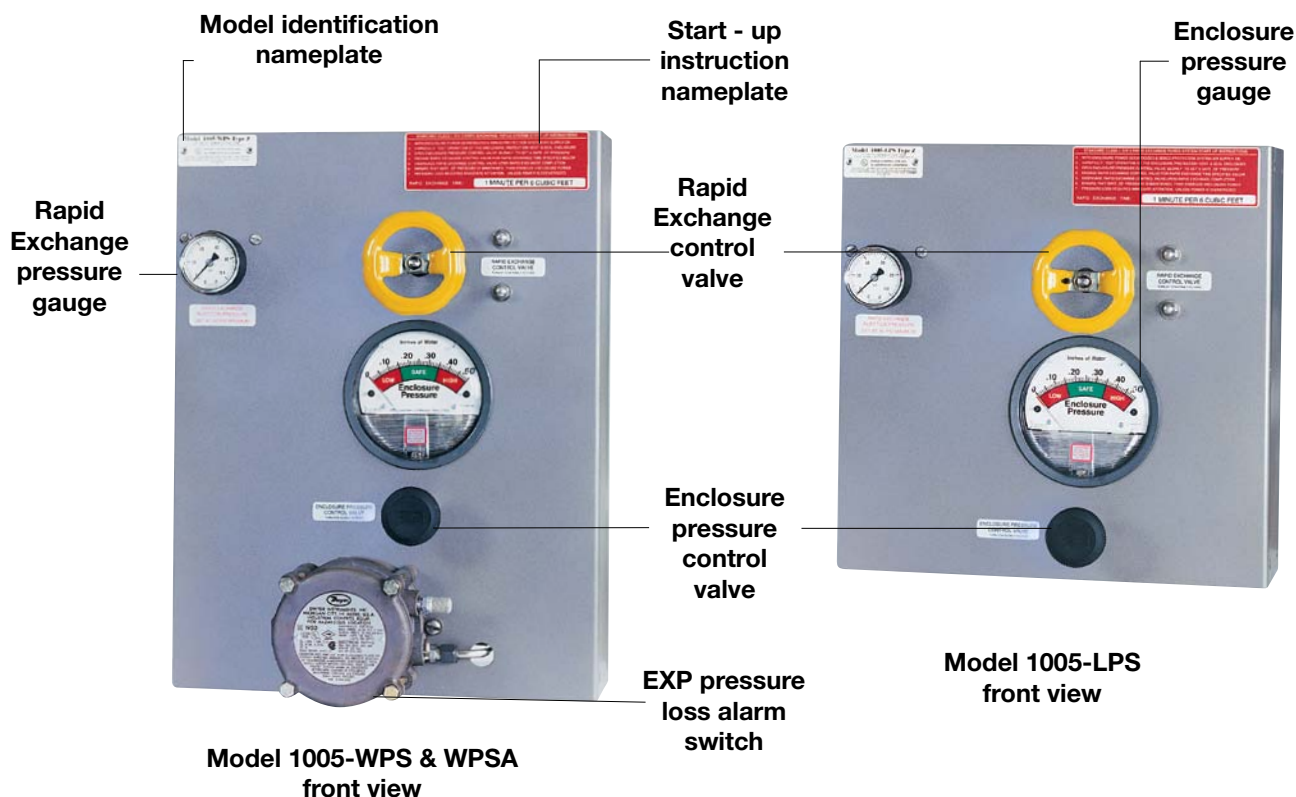
WARNING! Do not exceed "safe" pressure with the enclosure pressure control valve. Operators must follow step-by-step sequence of the start-up instructions nameplate on the protection system.

Class I Purging Operation

With the inert gas supply connected, enclosure power deenergized and alarm system energized (if utilized).

1. Carefully read start-up instruction nameplate on system.
2. Check operation of the enclosure protection vent (model EPV-5), opening it manually several times. See page 17, "Helpful Hint."
3. Seal protected enclosure(s).
4. Open enclosure pressure control valve, by turning CCW, to set enclosure pressure gauge at "safe" pressure, the pressure loss alarm switch should then activate to silence the alarm system (if utilized).

5. Ensure the protection system enclosure pressure gauge maintains a "safe" pressure for one (1) minute.
6. Open Rapid Exchange control valve fully by turning 90° CCW and quickly ensure the enclosure protection vent opens. Note: The enclosure pressure gauge should move quickly off scale to the right, this is normal for all Rapid Exchange purging systems.
7. Standby for the exchange time as specified on the start-up instruction nameplate (five minutes minimum), then close the Rapid Exchange control valve fully.
8. Wait for the enclosure pressure gauge to return to a "safe" pressure and energize the protected enclosure(s) power via the local disconnect switch.
9. Ensure the enclosure pressure indicator maintains a "safe" pressure before leaving system unattended.



Troubleshooting Procedures

Problem or Fault	Possible Causes	Corrective Action
Enclosure pressure control valve will not hold a "safe" .25 inch pressure.	Leakage around gasketing, covers, seams, piping and tubing connections, conduit connections and electrical conduit seals of the enclosure.	Tighten enclosure latches: Where tightening is not feasible, and gasketing materials are not practical, holes or gaps can be closed with silicone sealant applied from inside the protected enclosure.
Enclosure pressure gauge reading is difficult to stabilize.	Insufficient enclosure leakage or opening of the venturi orifice is crimped to small.	Remove the orifice, cut off the crimped end and ream the tube, then retrim and reinstall the tube to note effect. As tube is shortened, reamed, and retrimmed, sensitivity decreases, allowing easier adjustment of setpoint on the enclosure pressure gauge.
Enclosure pressure loss alarm switch does not appear to be operating.	Pressure switch is out of calibration. Pressure switch has not been energized (WPSA style systems only).	Calibrate by slowly adjusting counterclockwise to decrease the setpoint, and clockwise to raise the setpoint. (Do not attempt to calibrate the switch until all efforts to make the switch respond properly have failed.) Verify power supply has been applied to power contacts of WPSA style system.
Problems persists, or if the system does not appear to be operating properly.	Persisting problems.	Contact Pepperl+Fuchs applications/customer service department at 330-486-0002.

This section covers the most common problems documented with this system. Any problems not covered in this section should be addressed directly to our factory. Please address all service needs to:

Pepperl+Fuchs, Inc.
Customer Service Department

Warranty Terms and Conditions

PEPPERL+FUCHS STANDARD 24-MONTH WARRANTY

1. **Limited Warranty.** Pepperl+Fuchs, Inc. ("P+F") warrants Purge Units and components for Purge Units manufactured by P+F ("Product" or "Products") to be free from defects in material and workmanship under Normal Use for a period of twenty-four (24) months from the date of shipment of such Products from P+F's warehouse or place of manufacture (or from P+F's authorized representative or distributor). Only the original purchaser of such Products (the "Customer") shall be entitled to the benefit of the foregoing Limited Warranty. No representative, agent or salesman of P+F is authorized to give or provide any warranty or make any representation contrary to or in addition to the foregoing Limited Warranty.
2. **Inspection and Claims.** Customer must inspect and test all Products upon receipt. All claims under the Limited Warranty provided herein must be made within thirty (30) days of the discovery of the defect. Customer must obtain shipping instructions from P+F prior to returning any Product, which Product must be returned at Customer's expense in accordance with P+F's instructions.
3. **Limitations and Exclusions.** "Normal Use" shall mean use and operation within rated capacities, at the correct voltage, and with any required maintenance as provided in the applicable P+F Operating Manuals. The Limited Warranty provided herein does not apply to (i) any Products which have been altered or modified in any way or disassembled by the Customer or anyone else, (ii) any Products which have been subject to misuse, negligence or accident, or improperly installed, changed, substituted or replaced, (iii) any part or component not manufactured by P+F, or (iv) any part or component that is subject to wear or consumption. For parts or components not manufactured by P+F, the Customer or any other user or owner shall have only the warranty provided by the manufacturer of such part or component. The Limited Warranty set forth herein is also subject to the following:
 - (1) The Limited Warranty is limited to electronic and mechanical performance only, as expressly detailed in the product specifications, and does not apply to cosmetic appearance;
 - (2) The Limited Warranty shall not apply to any cables attached to, or integrated with, any Products.
 - (3) The Limited Warranty shall not apply to any Products which are stored, or utilized, in harsh environmental or electrical conditions outside P+F's written specifications.

THE LIMITED WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN IS THE ONLY WARRANTY MADE BY P+F WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCTS. IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED AND UNDERSTOOD THAT P+F MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. EXCEPT FOR THE LIMITED WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN, THERE IS NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY; AND THERE IS NO AFFIRMATION OF FACT OR PROMISE BY P+F WITH REFERENCE TO THE PRODUCTS. IN NO EVENT SHALL P+F BE LIABLE FOR ACTUAL OR ANTICIPATED LOST PROFITS OR FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES OR FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR INJURY OR DEATH OF PERSONS, OR INJURY TO PROPERTY. P+F'S LIABILITY ON ANY CLAIM OF ANY KIND ARISING OUT OF, CONNECTED WITH OR RESULTING FROM THE DESIGN, MANUFACTURE, SALE, REPAIR OR OPERATION OF A PRODUCT, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PRICE ALLOCABLE TO THAT PRODUCT OR THE PART THEREOF WHICH GIVES RISE TO THE CLAIM. THE REMEDY SET FORTH IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY CONSTITUTES THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE CUSTOMER. P+F SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR PENALTIES OF ANY DESCRIPTION.

4. **Limitation of Remedies.** In the event of P+F's liability, whether on this Limited Warranty or based on contract, tort (including, but not limited to, negligence and strict liability) or otherwise, Customer's sole and exclusive remedy will be limited to, at P+F's option, the repair or replacement (f/o/b P+F's place of manufacture) by P+F of any non-conforming items for which claim is made by Customer in accordance with paragraph 2, or the repayment of the portion of the purchase price paid by Customer attributable to the non-conforming item.
5. **Responsibility of Customer: Safety and Protection Precautions.** P+F takes great care to design and build reliable and dependable Products; however, some Products can fail eventually. Customer must take precautions to design its equipment to prevent property damage and personal injury in the unlikely event of a failure. AS A MATTER OF POLICY, P+F DOES NOT RECOMMEND THE INSTALLATION OF PRODUCTS AS THE SOLE DEVICE FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERSONNEL OR PROPERTY AND, THEREFORE, THE CUSTOMER SHOULD BUILD IN REDUNDANCY OR DUAL CONTROL USING APPROVED SAFETY DEVICES FOR THESE APPLICATIONS.
6. **Conflicts.** In the event there is any conflict between the provisions of this Limited Warranty and any provisions contained in any orders, offers, acceptances or other writings or statements provided or made by Customer to P+F, the provisions of this Limited Warranty shall prevail, and the contract between P+F and the Customer shall be deemed formed only upon the provisions set forth in this Limited Warranty, and any additional or conflicting provision inserted by Customer shall be of no force or effect.

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Notes

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Notes

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



System Maintenance

Regular Maintenance

Drain the protection system regulator frequently and clean system with nonsolvent cleaning agents only.

Long-Term Maintenance

Calibrate the enclosure pressure indicator to 0 inches by venting the purge pressure reference port and the protected enclosure to atmosphere and adjusting the calibration screw in the lower center portion of the indicator's face.

Fully open the enclosure pressure control regulator, to blow out any deposits around the tip of the valve and to ensure that the enclosure protection vent is operating properly, then carefully readjust system according to the set-up procedure and operating sequence on pages 16 and 17. Replace or tighten stem packing nut as required to prohibit stem packing leakage.

Carefully disassemble the enclosure protection vent by loosening the two bottom hex nuts that hold the unit together.

(DO NOT REMOVE CAP NUTS ON TOP OF VENT BODY)

Carefully clean the flapper valve and vent body seats with warm soap and water, being careful not to extend the vent valve beyond its normal opening point, and being careful not to exert any stress on the valve hinge.

Examine the entire protection system and the protected enclosure(s), and replace any defective parts during routine shutdown of the protected enclosure(s). Parts are available from Pepperl+Fuchs on immediate notice as required.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE		
Date	Work performed	Performed by

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25



Systems Identification & Application Information

Date of installation _____

Unit serial # _____

Item _____

Customer P.O.# _____

Customer project# _____

Service _____

Type _____

Features _____

Application _____

Notes: _____

Drawing No. DOCT-1358A 10/25

PROCESS AUTOMATION – PROTECTING YOUR PROCESS



For over a half century, Pepperl+Fuchs has provided new concepts for the world of process automation. Our company sets standards in quality and innovative technology. We develop, produce, and distribute electronic interface modules, Human-Machine Interfaces and hazardous location protection equipment on a global scale, meeting the most demanding needs of industry. Resulting from our world-wide presence and our high flexibility in production and customer service, we are able to offer complete individual solutions – wherever and whenever you need us. We are the recognized experts in our technologies – Pepperl+Fuchs has earned a strong reputation by supplying the world's largest process industry companies with the broadest line of proven components for a diverse range of applications.

1 Worldwide/German Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs GmbH
Mannheim · Germany
Tel. +49 621 776 2222
E-Mail: pa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com

2 Asia Pacific Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs PTE Ltd.
Singapore
Company Registration No. 199003130E
Tel. +65 6779 9091
E-Mail: pa-info@sg.pepperl-fuchs.com

3 Central/Western Europe & Africa Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs N.V.
Schoten/Antwerp · Belgium
Tel. +32 3 6442500
E-Mail: pa-info@be.pepperl-fuchs.com

4 Middle East Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs M.E (FZE)
Dubai · UAE
Tel. +971 4 883 8378
E-Mail: pa-info@ae.pepperl-fuchs.com

5 North/Central America Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs Inc.
Twinsburg · Ohio · USA
Tel. +1 330 486 0002
E-Mail: pa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

6 Northern Europe Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs GB Ltd.
Oldham · England
Tel. +44 161 6336431
E-Mail: pa-info@gb.pepperl-fuchs.com

7 Southern/Eastern Europe Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs Elcon srl
Sulbiate · Italy
Tel. +39 039 62921
E-Mail: pa-info@it.pepperl-fuchs.com

8 South America Headquarters
Pepperl+Fuchs Ltda.
São Bernado do Campo · SP · Brazil
Tel. +55 11 4339 9935
E-Mail: pa-info@br.pepperl-fuchs.com

www.pepperl-fuchs.com

 **PEPPERL+FUCHS**
PROTECTING YOUR PROCESS