Installation & Maintenance Manual for Flanged Control Panels

Specifications

Types	FP.* R	efer to type code builder in annex					
Hazardous Area FS Ex e enclosure	Certificate number CML 16 ATEX 3009X / IECEx CML 16.0008X						
Ex d enclosure options: EJB variants	INERIS 14 ATEX 0022X / IECEx INE 14.0029X						
GUB variants	INERIS 14 ATEX 0035X / IECEx INE 14.0042X						
CE number	C € ₀₁₀₂						
Certification coding (other variants possible -	see certificati	on labels):					
FS Ex e enclosure	II 2 GD Ex de ib IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T** Db						
EJB variants	لا 2 GD	Ex db IIB T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T** Db					
GUB variants	Ex db IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T** Db						
*,** Gas temperature class/dust surface temp - refer to Customer Specific Drawing proc	erature is app duced at time o	lication specific of ordering					
Minimum ambient temperature	-50°C, -40°C						
Maximum ambient temperature	+55°C IP 66						
IP Rating							
I.S. safety parameters	Refer to Cus	efer to Customer Specific Drawing produced at time of ordering					
Maximum internal power dissipation (MDP)	Dependent on enclosure size and application internal rise – see certification labels						
Mechanical FS Ex e enclosure: Material Finish Cover screw torque Entries	316L Electropolisl 2Nm Refer to Cus	hed stomer Specific Drawing produced at time of ordering					
Ex d enclosures: Material Cover screw torque	Material EJB, GUB - Light metal alloy EJBX, GUBX - Stainless steel Cover screw torque EJB8B, 10B - 20Nm EJB15A - 30Nm EJB17Q, EJB18B - 40Nm EHB20A - 65Nm For stainless steel EJBX* add +5 Nm to the above values						
Electrical Maximum voltage Maximum current		on terminals & equipment fitted – see certification label on terminals, cable & equipment fitted – see certification label					
Conformity	EN 60079-0 EN 60079-7 EN 60079-3						



Overview

The flange panel consist of two separately certified enclosures.

The Ex d enclosure contains electrical equipment that may produce arcs, sparks or high temperatures during operation and/or barriers for intrinsically safe circuits.

The Ex e enclosure is flanged directly to the Ex d enclosure and contains terminals and/or control functions. Cables pass from the Ex e enclosure to the Ex d enclosure through the use of Ex d certified cable entry devices.

The enclosures are supplied assembled from the factory. In this way the installer avoids needing to make cable terminations within the Ex d enclosure.

Installation

To minimise the risk of ignition by electrical apparatus in hazardous areas efficient installation, inspection and maintenance of apparatus and systems is essential and the work should be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with the prevailing code of practice. When selecting an installation location for the enclosure, Control Panels fitted with Schmersal controls must be protected from 1) impacts greater than 4J and permanent exposure to UV radiation. 2) The assembly should be mounted via the external fixing feet that are provided. The Customer Specific Drawing supplied at the time of ordering will give details of the framework fixing centres. Expanding bolts should be used when mounting on concrete, or suitably sized bolts, nuts and anti-vibration washers when mounting to a steel framework. An assessment should be made to ensure that the amount of power being dissipated within the enclosure is lower than the figure stated on 3) the certification label so that temperature classes can be guaranteed. Most of the dissipation in a terminal box application arises from the current flowing in the cables, therefore the length of cable within the enclosure should be minimised. Refer to Table 1 for dissipations of standard copper cables at standard fusing currents. 4) Cables should not be bunched together so as to create hot spots. This is especially important when using relatively high currents with cables of smaller cross section. Only suitably approved Ex e terminals may be fitted. Only feedthrough terminals are permitted within Ex e enclosures. Note that fuse 5) terminals, relays, MCB's, contactors etc. MUST NOT BE FITTED IN AN EXE ENCLOSURE. 6) Only one conductor should be inserted into each terminal. All strands of each conductor must enter the terminal. 8) No cables should be left floating and un-terminated. Cable insulation should extend to within 1mm of the metalwork of the terminal. Creepage and clearance distances given by EN 60079-7: 9) 2007 are as follows: Voltage (AC or DC) Minimum creepage distance (mm) Minimum clearance (mm) ≤250 8 8 ≤500 16 8 10) If cross connects are fitted, partitions/barriers may be required to preserve clearance distances. 11) All terminals should be tightened to the torque specified by their manufacturer. 12) Cable entries should be made only with suitably approved Ex e / Ex tb glands noting that this equipment is suitable for use with gas group IIC & dust group IIIC. IP ratings should be suitable for the intended area of installation. 13) All unused entries should be fitted with suitably approved Ex e / Ex tb stopping plugs. 14) When the internal/external earth stud is supplied loose, the components should be fitted as per the below Figure 1. 15) Once the cover is fitted, ensure that all fasteners are fully tightened. 16) No metal should be removed from the Ex d enclosure i.e. extra cable entries or mounting points should not be made. 17) No modifications should be made to the fitted equipment without consultation with Pepperl+Fuchs. The fitted equipment has been assessed to produce a heat rise that will maintain the stated gas/dust temperature classes. 18) The Ex d enclosure may have been supplied with spare cable entries plugged with Ex d stopping plugs. These should not be changed for linebushes or cable glands without consultation with Pepperl+Fuchs. 19) A corrosion inhibiting grease may be applied to the surface of the flameproof joints before assembly. If applied, the grease should be of a type that does not harden because of ageing, does not contain any evaporating solvent and does not cause corrosion of the joint surfaces. ENCOSURE WALL ENCOSURE EXTERIOR ENCOSURE INTERIOR Figure 1

Pepperl+Fuchs Group

www.pepperl-fuchs.com



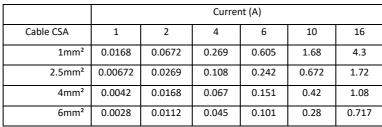


Table 1 – Dissipation of copper cables in W/m

Maintenance

Electrical apparatus installed in hazardous locations has design features that make it operationally safe under normal conditions. In order to ensure that the apparatus remains serviceable the following points should be attended to on a periodical basis. The period between inspections is not fixed, but should be adjusted to suit the environmental conditions where the equipment is situated. An initial inspection after 12 months of use is suggested.

- 1) Ensure that all fasteners are present and of the correct property class. Refer to the certification label for details.
- 2) Ensure that the enclosure or control functions are not damaged or distorted so as to prevent proper functioning of the gaskets and/or flameproof joints.
- 3) Ensure that the enclosure is not corroded such as to affect its IP rating.
- 4) Ensure external earth bonding connections are in place and in good condition.
- 5) Ensure that all entry devices are in good condition and securely tightened.
- 6) Ensure that the certification label is present and legible.

Ensure that the location where the equipment is fitted is free from flammable gas or dust. With the enclosure open:

- 7) Ensure that the cover gasket remains in place and is in good condition. Replacement gaskets are available from Pepperl+Fuchs.
- 8) Ensure that all terminals are in good condition i.e. no cracks or breakage.
- 9) Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the manufacturer's specified torque.
- 10) Ensure that no conductors have moved such as to reduce creepage and clearance distances.
- 11) Look for pitting or damage to the flamepaths of the enclosure body and cover. Surface corrosion may be removed, but abrasive cleaners should not be used.
- 12) Look for wear or damage to the flamepaths of any operating shafts (pushbuttons or rotary switches) that pass through the enclosure.
- 13) The flamepaths of the enclosure should be cleaned, and may optionally be coated in grease to guard against corrosion. If applied, the grease should be of a type that does not harden because of ageing, does not contain any evaporating solvent and does not cause corrosion of the joint surfaces.
- 14) Ensure that any modifications that have been performed are in accordance with the previous section, making reference to the certification if necessary.
- 15) With the cover refitted, ensure that all fasteners are fully tightened.



Annex

ре													
FP	flanged pa												
1	Ex d encl	enclosure type											
1	EJB*	EJB ty	EJB type in aluminum, Ex d IIB+H ₂ (* = enclosure size, see selection table)										
1	EJBX*	EJB ty	B type in stainless steel, Ex d IIB+H ₂ (* = enclosure size, see selection table)										
1	GUB	GUB t	3 type in aluminum, Ex d IIC										
1	GUBX		B type in stainless steel, Ex d IIC										
1	l.	Ex d e	enclosu	<mark>ire va</mark> ri	iant								
1	1		standa	ard varia	ant								
1	l.	W	varian	t with vi	ewing v	vindow	(see in	dividua	I data sheets)				
1	l.	E	varian	t with ex	rtensio	n (GUE	only, se	e indiv	/idual data sheets)				
I.	I.	WE	varian	t with w	indow a	and ext	ension ((GUB o	only, see individual data sheets)				
1	l.	- I	GUB e	enclosi	ure size	e (EJB	sizes s	ee end	closure type)				
1	l.	1	* see selection table										
I.	I.	1	1		enclosu								
I.	I.	1	1	FS	stainle	ss stee	el enclos	sure wit	th return flange				
1	1	- I	1	-	Exee	nclos	ure size	•					
	l I		1		*		election						
	1				1	Ex e enclosure positioning							
I.	l l		1		1	below Ex d enclosure							
	l I					T on top of Ex d enclosure							
	l I	1	1			L							
	l I	1	1			1	Versio	on inde					
	l I					I.	*		election table				
	l I	1	1			1	1	Produ	uction location				
	l I		1			1	1	*	see selection table				
	l l	- I				1	1	1	Variant number				
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		-Yxxxxx				
FP.	EJB20A	W3		.FS	08B	Т	.V1	.ITA	-Y123456				

