

Singleturn absolute encoder AVS58N-011YYRYGN-0014

- YY: Connector 9416L with special assignment
- Y: Power supply 5 V DC
- 14 Bit singleturn
- Hardware encoder
- Data transfer up to 2 MBaud
- Optically isolated RS 422 interface
- Clamping flange



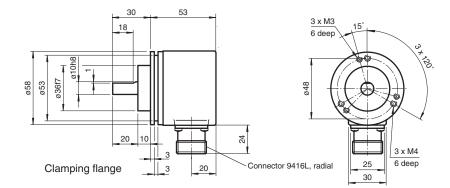
Function

This singleturn absolute encoder with modern fast technology transmits a position value corresponding to the shaft setting via the SSI interface (Synchronous Serial Interface). The resolution of the AVS58 is maximum 16384 steps per revolution. In contrast to the AVS58 series the encoder does not have a microcontroller. Thus, it is a pure hardware encoder.

The control module sends a clock bundle to the absolute encoder to obtain the position data. The rotary encoder then sends the position data synchronous to the cycles of the control module.

This singleturn absolute encoder is available in clamp flange design with a shaft diameter of 10 mm x 20 mm. The electrical connection is made by a 12-pin round plug connector.

Dimensions



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Functional safety related parameters MTTF_d 170 a Mission Time (T_M) 20 a 1.9 E+11 at 6000 rpm and 20/40 N axial/radial shaft load L_{10} 0% Diagnostic Coverage (DC) **Electrical specifications** Operating voltage UB 5 V DC No-load supply current \mathbf{I}_0 max. 120 mA Linearity ± 2 LSB at 14 Bit, ± 1 LSB at 13 Bit, ± 0,5 LSB at 12 Bit Output code Gray code

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

USA: +1 330 486 0001 fa-info@us.pepperl-fuchs.com

Germany: +49 621 776 1111 fa-info@de.pepperl-fuchs.com

Singapore: +65 6779 9091 fa-info@sg.pepperl-fuchs.com



Interface type SSI Monoflop time 20 ± 10 μs Resolution 20 ± 10 μs Single turn 14 Bit Overall resolution 14 Bit Transfer rate 0.1 2 MBit/s Standard conformity 6 Connection 1 Connector type 9416L (M23), 12-pin Bandard conformity 1 Degree of protection 1 Oli mait cesting DIN EN 605829, IP65 Climatic testing DIN EN 60582-3, no moisture condensation Emitted interference EN 61000-6-4:2007 Noise immunity EN 61000-6-2:2005 Shock resistance DIN EN 60682-27, 100 g, 3 ms Vibration resistance DIN EN 60068-2-27, 100 g, 3 ms Vibration resistance DIN EN 60068-2-27, 100 g, 3 ms Operating temperature -40 85 °C (-40 185 °F) Storage temperature -40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)	Technical Data	
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Moment of inertia 50 gcm ² Starting torque < 5 Ncm	Mass	approx. 460 g
Starting torque < 5 Ncm	Rotational speed	max. 12000 min ⁻¹
Shaft load Axial 40 N	Moment of inertia	50 gcm ²
Axial 40 N	Starting torque	< 5 Ncm
	Shaft load	
Radial 110 N	Axial	40 N
	Radial	110 N

Accessories

Spring-loaded mounting bracket with a diameter of 36 mm

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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MBT-36ALS

Connection

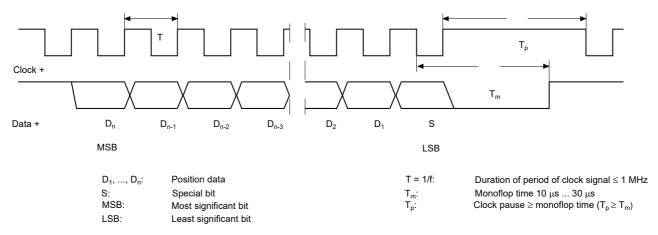
Signal	Connector 9416L, 12-pin	Explanation	Pinout
GND (encoder)	12	Power supply	
U _b (encoder)	10	Power supply	8 7 11 6 5 4
Clock (+)	2	Positive cycle line	\neg $\land \land \land \mid / /$
Clock (-)	1	Negative cycle line	
Data (+)	3	Positive transmission data	
Data (-)	4	Negative transmission data	
Reserved	11	Not wired, reserved	
Reserved	5	Not wired, reserved	\neg // \top
Reserved	9	Not wired, reserved	9 1 12 2 10 3
Reserved	8	Not wired, reserved	
Reserved	6	Not wired, reserved	
Reserved	7	Not wired, reserved	

Interface

Description

The Synchronous Serial Interface was specially developed for transferring the output data of an absolute encoder to a control device. The control module sends a clock bundle and the absolute encoder responds with the position value. Thus only 4 lines are required for the clock and data, no matter what the resolution of the rotary encoder is. The RS 422 interface is optically isolated from the power supply.

SSI signal course Standard



SSI output format Standard

- At idle status signal lines "Data +" and "Clock +" are at high level (5 V).
- The first time the clock signal switches from high to low, the data transfer in which the current information (position data (D_n) and special bit (S)) is stored in the encoder is introduced.
- The highest order bit (MSB) is applied to the serial data output of the encoder with the first rising pulse edge.
- The next successive lower order bit is transferred with each following rising pulse edge.
- After the lowest order bit (LSB) has been transferred the data line switches to low until the monoflop time T_m has expired.
- No subsequent data transfer can be started until the data line switches to high again or the time for the clock pause T_p has expired.
- After the clock sequence is complete, the monoflop time T_m is triggered with the last falling pulse edge.
- The monoflop time T_m determines the lowest transmission frequency.

SSI output format ring slide operation (multiple transmission)

- In ring slide operation, multiple transmission of the same data word over the SSI interface makes it possible to offer the
 possibility of detecting transmission errors.
- In multiple transmission, 25 bits are transferred per data word in standard format.
- If the clock change is not interrupted after the last falling pulse edge, ring slide operation automatically becomes active. This means that the information that was stored at the time of the first clock change is generated again.
- After the first transmission, the 26th pulse controls data repetition. If the 26th pulse follows after an amount of time greater than the monoflop time T_m, a new current data word will be transmitted with the following pulses.

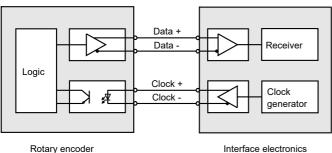


Singleturn absolute encoder



If the pulse line is exchanged, the data word is generated offset. Ring slide operation is possible up to max. 13 bits.

Block diagram



Line length

Line length in m	Baudrate in kHz
< 50	< 400
< 100	< 300
< 200	< 200
< 400	< 100

Rotary encoder

Installation

Anti-interference measures

The use of highly sophisticated microelectronics requires a consistently implemented anti-interference and wiring concept. This becomes all the more important the more compact the constructions are and the higher the demands are on the performance of modern machines.

The following installation instructions and proposals apply for "normal industrial environments". There is no ideal solution for all interfering environments.

When the following measures are applied, the encoder should be in perfect working order:

- Termination of the serial line with a 120 Ω resistor (between Receive/Transmit and Receive/Transmit) at the beginning and end of the serial line (e. g. the control and the last encoder).
- The wiring of the encoder should be laid at a large distance to energy lines which could cause interferences.
- Cable cross-section of the screen at least 4 mm².
- Cable cross-section at least 0,14 mm².
- The wiring of the screen and 0 V should be arranged radially, if and when possible.
- Do not kink or jam the cables.
- Adhere to the minimum bending radius as given in the data sheet and avoid tensile as well as shearing load.

Operating instructions

Every encoder manufactured by Pepperl+Fuchs leaves the factory in a perfect condition. In order to ensure this quality as well as a faultless operation, the following specifications have to be taken into consideration:

- Avoid any impact on the housing and in particular on the encoder shaft as well as the axial and radial overload of the encoder shaft.
- The accuracy and service life of the encoder is guaranteed only, if a suitable coupling is used.
- The operating voltage for the encoder and the follow-up device (e. g. control) has to be switched on and off simultaneously.
- Any wiring work has to be carried out with the system in a dead condition.
- The maximum operating voltages must not be exceeded. The devices have to be operated at extra-low safety voltage.

Notes on connecting the electric screening

The immunity to interference of a plant depends on the correct screening. In this field installation faults occur frequently. Often the screen is applied to one side only, and is then soldered to the earthing terminal with a wire, which is a valid procedure in LF engineering. However, in case of EMC the rules of HF engineering apply.

One basic goal in HF engineering is to pass the HF energy to earth at an impedance as low as possible as otherwise energy would discharge into the cable. A low impedance is achieved by a large-surface connection to metal surfaces.

- The following instructions have to be observed:
- Apply the screen on both sides to a "common earth" in a large surface, if there is no risk of equipotential currents.
- The screen has to be passed behind the insulation and has to be clamped on a large surface below the tension relief.
- In case of cable connections to screw-type terminals, the tension relief has to be connected to an earthed surface.
- If plugs are used, metallised plugs only should be fitted (such as sub D plugs with metallised housing). Please observe the direct connection of the tension relief to the housing.

Singleturn absolute encoder

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Advantage: shield	metalised connector,	
relief	clamped with the strain	
	clamp	
Disadvantage:	soldering shield on	



Safety instructions

Please observe the national safety and accident prevention regulations as well as the subsequent safety instructions in these operating instructions when working on encoders.

If failures cannot be remedied, the device has to be shut down and has to be secured against accidental operation. Repairs may be carried out only by the manufacturer. Entry into and modifications of the device are not permissible.

Tighten the clamping ring only, if a shaft has been fitted in the area of the clamping ring (hollow shaft encoders). Tighten all screws and plug connectors prior to operating the encoder.



Do not stand on the encoder!

Do not remachine the drive shaft!



Avoid impact!



Do not remachine the housing!

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