

Thru-beam sensor (pair) OBE1000-R2-SE2-P-L



- Ultra-small housing design
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors durable and employable like an LED
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints

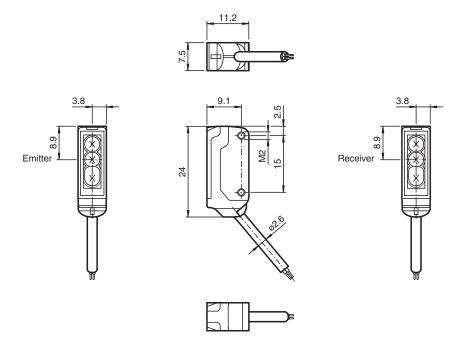
Laser thru-beam sensor, ultra-small design with M2 mounting, 1000 mm detection range, dark on, PNP output, 2 m fixed cable



Function

The R2 series nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options. The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor.

Dimensions



Technical Data

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System components	
Emitter	OBE10M-R2-S-P-L
Receiver	OBE1000-R2-E2-P-L
General specifications	
Effective detection range	0 1 m

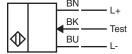
Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

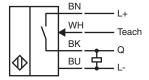
Technical Data Threshold detection range 1.5 m Light source laser diode Light type modulated visible red light, 680 nm Laser nominal ratings Note LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM Laser class Wave length 680 nm Beam divergence > 5 mrad Pulse length approx. 2 µs Repetition rate approx. 16.6 kHz max. pulse energy Diameter of the light spot approx. 3 mm at a distance of 1000 mm Opening angle approx. 0.5 ° Optical face frontal Ambient light limit EN 60947-5-2: 30000 Lux Functional safety related parameters 806 a $MTTF_d$ Mission Time (T_M) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0% Indicators/operating means Operation indicator LED green, statically lit Power on, short-circuit: LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz) Function indicator Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the operating reserve; OFF when light beam is interrupted **Electrical specifications** U_B 12 ... 24 V Operating voltage No-load supply current I_0 Emitter: ≤ 10 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA Protection class Ш Input Test input Test of switching function at 0 V Switching threshold Teach-In input Output Switching type NO contact / dark on Signal output 1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector Switching voltage max. 30 V DC Switching current max. 50 mA, resistive load Voltage drop U_{d} ≤ 1.5 V DC Switching frequency f approx. 2 kHz Response time 250 μs Conformity EN 60947-5-2 Product standard Laser safety EN 60825-1:2007 Approvals and certificates **UL** approval E87056, cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V IEC 60825-1:2007 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations FDA approval pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007 **Ambient conditions** -20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F) Ambient temperature -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature **Mechanical specifications** Housing width 7.5 mm Housing height 24 mm Housing depth 11.2 mm

Technical Data

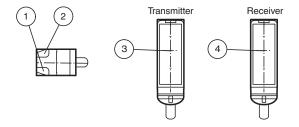
Degree of protection	IP67	
Connection	2 m fixed cable	
Material		
Housing	PC/ABS and TPU	
Optical face	PC	
Cable	PUR	
Installation	Fixing screws , 2 x M2 allen head screws included with delivery	
Mass	approx. 20 g per sensor	
Cable length	2 m	

Connection



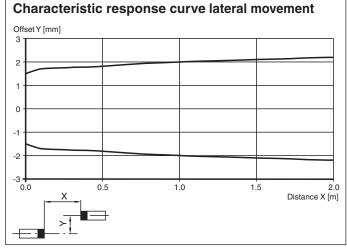


Assembly



1	Operating display	green	
2	Signal display	yellow	
3	Emitter		
4	Receiver		

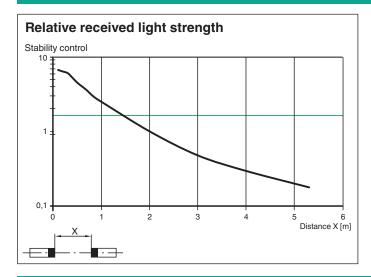
Characteristic Curve



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Characteristic Curve



Safety Information



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT IEC 60825-1: 2007 certified. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007

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Safety Information

Laser Class 1 Information

The irradiation can lead to irritation especially in a dark environment. Do not point at people! Maintenance and repairs should only be carried out by authorized service personnel!

Attach the device so that the warning is clearly visible and readable.

The warning accompanies the device and should be attached in immediate proximity to the device.

Caution – Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Accessories



MH-R2-01 Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket

MH-R2-02

Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket



Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"



MH-R2-03 Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket MH-R2-04 Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

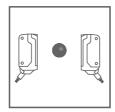
The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- · The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

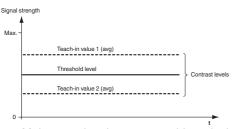
This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

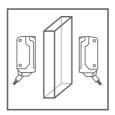
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- 2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values





- Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
- 2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

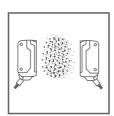
- 3. Position the object in the beam path.
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to a maximum
- · The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- 6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
- 7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

Thru-beam sensor (pair)

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

- 8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.