

Thru-Beam Sensor Kit

OBE1000-R3-SE2-P-L

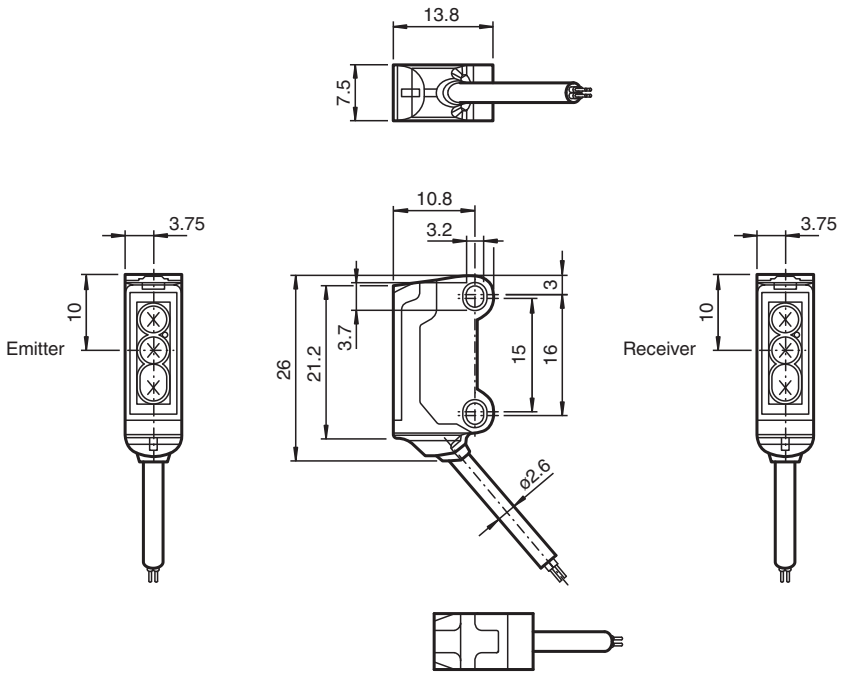
- Ultra-small housing design
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors - durable and employable like an LED
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints

Laser thru-beam sensor, ultra-small design with M3 mounting, 1000 mm detection range, dark on, PNP output, 2 m fixed cable

Function

The R3 series nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options. The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor.

Dimensions



Technical Data

System components		
Emitter		OBE10M-R3-S-P-L
Receiver		OBE1000-R3-E2-P-L
General specifications		
Effective detection range		0 ... 1 m

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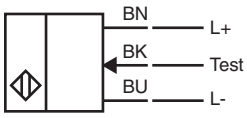
Threshold detection range		1.5 m
Light source		laser diode
Light type		modulated visible red light , 680 nm
Laser nominal ratings		
Note		LASER LIGHT , DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM
Laser class		1
Wave length		680 nm
Beam divergence		> 5 mrad
Pulse length		approx. 2 µs
Repetition rate		approx. 16.6 kHz
max. pulse energy		9.5 nJ
Diameter of the light spot		approx. 3 mm at a distance of 1000 mm
Opening angle		approx. 0.5 °
Optical face		frontal
Ambient light limit		EN 60947-5-2 : 30000 Lux
Functional safety related parameters		
$MTTF_d$		806 a
Mission Time (T_M)		10 a
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)		0 %
Indicators/operating means		
Operation indicator		LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz)
Function indicator		Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the operating reserve ; OFF when light beam is interrupted
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U_B	12 ... 24 V DC , class 2
No-load supply current	I_0	Emitter: ≤ 10 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA
Protection class		III
Input		
Test input		Test of switching function at 0 V
Switching threshold		Teach-In input
Output		
Switching type		NO contact / dark on
Signal output		1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector
Switching voltage		max. 30 V DC
Switching current		max. 50 mA , resistive load
Voltage drop	U_d	≤ 1.5 V DC
Switching frequency	f	approx. 2 kHz
Response time		250 µs
Conformity		
Product standard		EN 60947-5-2
Laser safety		IEC 60825-1:2014
Approvals and certificates		
UL approval		E87056 , cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source Further UL information see section "Additional Information"
FDA approval		IEC 60825-1:2014 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3 as described in Laser Notice 56, dated May 8, 2019.
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature		-20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F)
Storage temperature		-30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F)
Mechanical specifications		
Degree of protection		IP67
Connection		2 m fixed cable

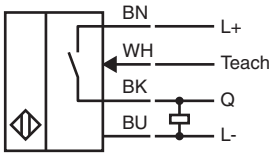
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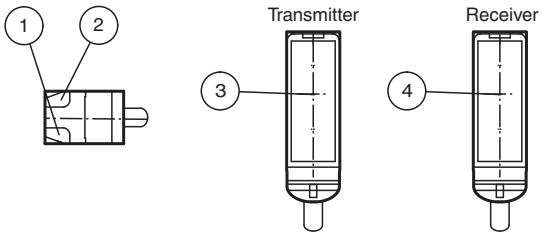
Material		
Housing		PC/ABS and TPU
Optical face		PC
Cable		PUR
Mass		approx. 20 g per sensor
Dimensions		
Height		26 mm
Width		7.5 mm
Depth		13.8 mm
Cable length		2 m

Connection Assignment





Assembly

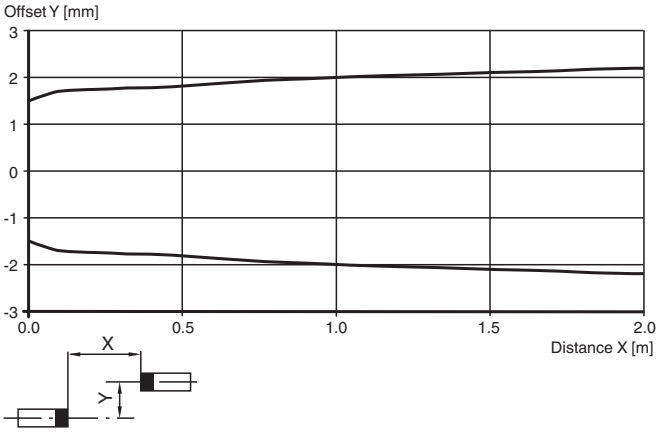


1	Operating display	green
2	Signal display	yellow
3	Emitter	
4	Receiver	

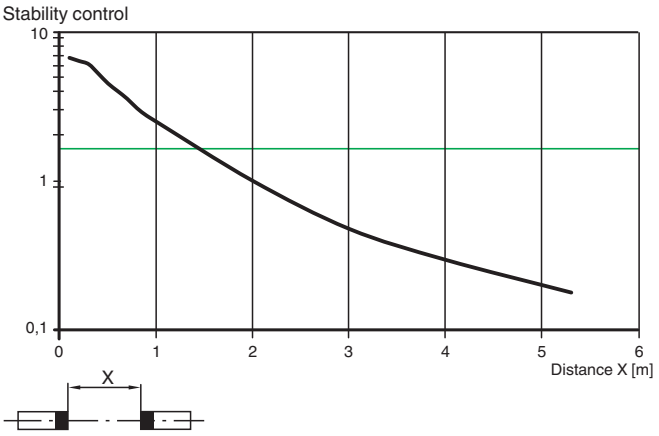
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Characteristic Curve

Characteristic response curve lateral movement



Relative received light strength



Additional Information

Additional UL Information
Conditions of Acceptability:
These devices should be mounted within a suitable ultimate enclosure with proper end products spacings.
These devices shall be used within their recognized electrical ratings.
These devices are intended for factory wiring only. The suitability of the power cord and strain relief should be determined in the end use application.
These proximity switches are intended to be powered by Listed Class 2 power supply or are located in a limited voltage / limited current circuit.

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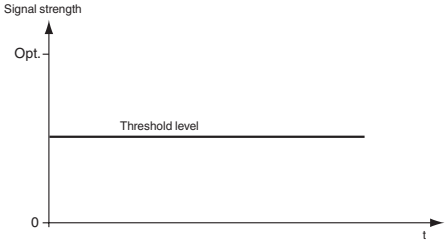
Teach-In

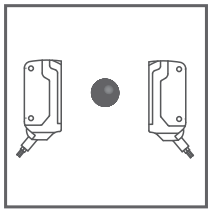
The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.
The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





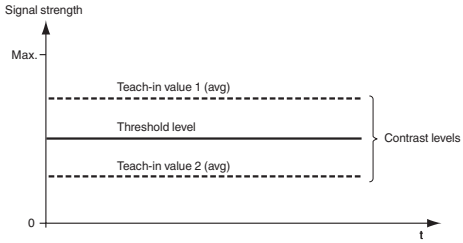
Recommended application:
This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy.
Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

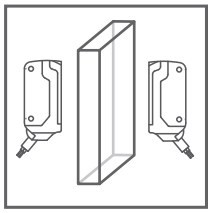
1. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
   The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
   The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values



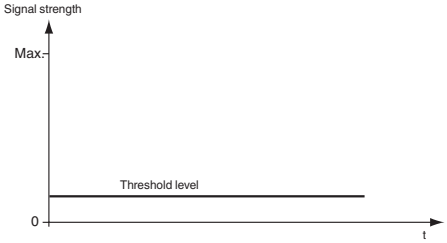


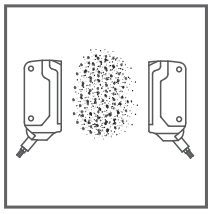
1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
   The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
3. Position the object in the beam path.
4. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
   The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:
Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.
Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

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The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
   The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

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