

Thru-beam sensor (pair) OBE1000-R3-SE3-0,2M-V31-P-L



- Ultra-small housing design
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors durable and employable like an LED
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints

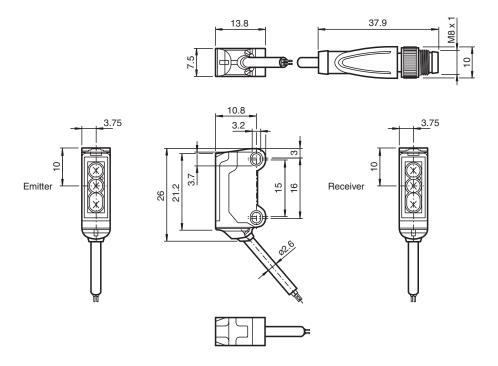
Laser thru-beam sensor, ultra-small design with M3 mounting, 1000 mm detection range, light on, PNP output, 200 mm fixed cable with plug M8, 4-pin



Function

The R3 series nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options. The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor.

Dimensions



Technical Data

System components			
Emitter	OBE10M-R3-S-0,2M-V31-P-L		
Receiver	OBE1000-R3-E3-0,2M-V31-P-L		
General specifications			
Effective detection range	0 1 m		

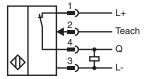
Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

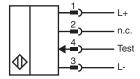
Technical Data Threshold detection range 1.5 m Light source laser diode Light type modulated visible red light, 680 nm Laser nominal ratings Note LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM Laser class Wave length 680 nm Beam divergence > 5 mrad Pulse length approx. 2 µs Repetition rate approx. 16.6 kHz max. pulse energy Diameter of the light spot approx. 3 mm at a distance of 1000 mm Opening angle approx. 0.5 ° Optical face frontal Ambient light limit EN 60947-5-2: 30000 Lux Functional safety related parameters 806 a $MTTF_d$ Mission Time (T_M) 20 a Diagnostic Coverage (DC) 0% Indicators/operating means Operation indicator LED green, statically lit Power on, short-circuit: LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz) Function indicator Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the operating reserve; OFF when light beam is interrupted **Electrical specifications** U_B 12 ... 24 V Operating voltage No-load supply current I_0 Emitter: ≤ 10 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA Protection class Ш Input Test input Test of switching function at 0 V Switching threshold Teach-In input Output Switching type NC contact / light on Signal output 1 PNP output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector Switching voltage max. 30 V DC Switching current max. 50 mA, resistive load Voltage drop U_{d} ≤ 1.5 V DC Switching frequency f approx. 2 kHz Response time 250 μs Conformity EN 60947-5-2 Product standard Laser safety EN 60825-1:2007 Approvals and certificates **UL** approval E87056, cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source CCC approval CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V IEC 60825-1:2007 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations FDA approval pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007 **Ambient conditions** -20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F) Ambient temperature -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature Mechanical specifications Housing width 7.5 mm Housing height 26 mm Housing depth 13.8 mm

Release date: 2023-03-28 Date of issue: 2023-03-28 Filename: 70152764_eng.pdf

Technical Data Degree of protection IP67 200 mm fixed cable with 4-pin, M8x1 connector Connection Material Housing PC/ABS and TPU Optical face PC PUR Cable Mass approx. 10 g per sensor Cable length

Connection





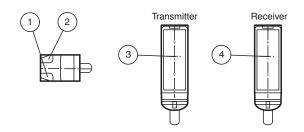
Connection Assignment



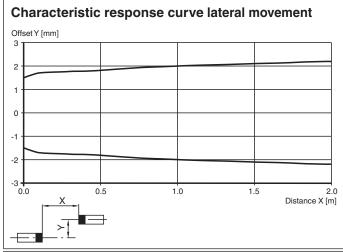
Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

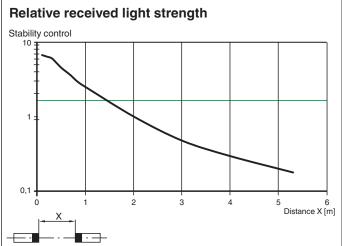
1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)

Assembly



1	Operating display	green	
2	Signal display yellow		
3	Emitter		
4	Receiver		





Safety Information



CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT IEC 60825-1: 2007 certified. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007



Laser Class 1 Information
The irradiation can lead to irritation especially in a dark environment. Do not point at people!
Maintenance and repairs should only be carried out by authorized service personnel!

Attach the device so that the warning is clearly visible and readable.

The warning accompanies the device and should be attached in immediate proximity to the device.

Caution – Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Accessories

6/	V31-WM-2M-PUR	Female cordset single-ended M8 angled A-coded, 4-pin, PUR cable grey
0000	MH-R3-01	Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket
٠٠٠٠١١١	MH-R3-02	Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket
0000	MH-R3-03	Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket
	MH-R3-04	Mounting aid for sensors from the R3 series, mounting bracket

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

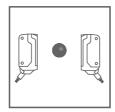
The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

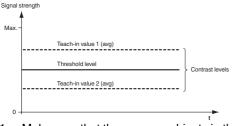
This method enables minuscule particles in the beam path to be detected, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

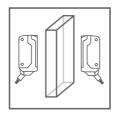
- Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
- 2. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 3. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static and yellow LED blinks.

Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values





- Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
- 2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

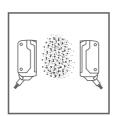
- 3. Position the object in the beam path.
- Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.
 The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.

Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- · The gain is set to a maximum
- · The signal threshold is set to a minimum





Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.

- 6. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
- 7. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.

Thru-beam sensor (pair)

The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz

- 8. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver. The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
- 9. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up static.