

Absolute encoders

ENA36IL-S***-CANopen

- Very small housing
- Up to 31 bit overall resolution
- CANopen interface
- Free of wear magnetic sampling
- High resolution and accuracy







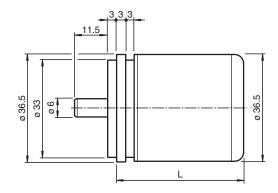
Function

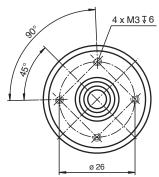
This absolute rotary encoder provides a position value corresponding to the shaft position on its integrated CAN bus interface. The integrated CAN-bus interface supports all CANopen functions.

Thus the following modes can be programmed to either enabled or disabled:

- Polled mode
- · Cyclic mode
- · Sync mode

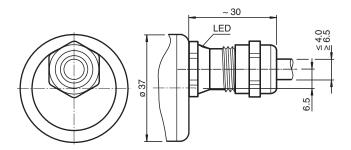
Dimensions



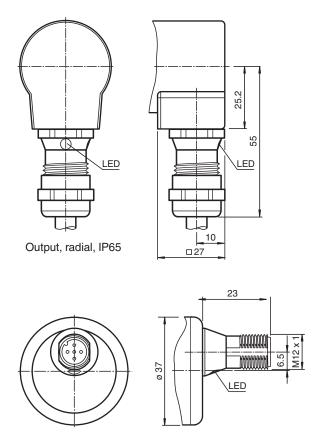


	L [mm]	
Degree of Protection	Axial Output	Radial Output
IP54	43	
IP65	43	39

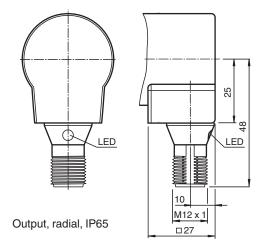
Dimensions

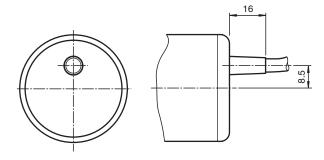


Output, axial, IP65

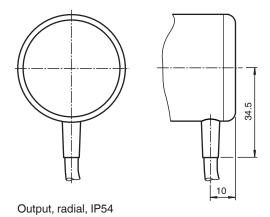


Output, axial, IP65





Output, axial, IP54



Technical Data

General specifications		
Detection type	magnetic sampling	
Device type	Absolute encoders	
Linearity error	≤±0.1 °	
UL File Number	E223176 "For use in NFPA 79 Applications only", if UL marking is marked on the product.	
Functional safety related parameters		
MTTF _d	480 a at 40 °C	

Technical Data Mission Time (T_M) 20 a 40 E-8 revolutions at 20/40 N axial/radial shaft load L_{10} 0 % Diagnostic Coverage (DC) **Electrical specifications** Operating voltage U_{B} 9 ... 30 V DC (with galvanic isolation) Power consumption P_0 ≤ 1.2 W Time delay before availability t_v < 250 ms Output code binary code Code course (counting direction) adjustable Interface Interface type CANopen Resolution Single turn up to 16 Bit Multiturn up to 15 Bit Overall resolution up to 31 Bit Transfer rate min. 20 kBit/s, max. 1 MBit/s Cycle time > 1 ms **DSP 406** Standard conformity Connection Connector M12 connector, 5 pin Cable Ø6 mm, 4 x 2 x 0.14 mm² Standard conformity DIN EN 60529, IP65 or IP54 Degree of protection DIN EN 60068-2-3, no moisture condensation Climatic testing Emitted interference EN 61000-6-4:2007 Noise immunity EN 61000-6-2:2005 Shock resistance DIN EN 60068-2-27, 200 g, 6 ms Vibration resistance DIN EN 60068-2-6, 20 g, 10 ... 1000 Hz Approvals and certificates **UL** approval cULus Listed, General Purpose, Class 2 Power Source, if UL marking is marked on the product. **Ambient conditions** cable, flexing: -5 ... 70 °C (23 ... 158 °F), cable, fixed: -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) connector models: -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) Operating temperature Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F) Relative humidity 98 %, no moisture condensation **Mechanical specifications** Material Housing nickel-plated steel Flange Aluminum Shaft Stainless steel approx. 150 g Mass max. 12000 min -1 Rotational speed Moment of inertia 30 gcm² Starting torque < 3 Ncm Shaft load 20 N Axial Radial 40 N

Accessories V19-G-ABG-PG9 Female connector M12 straight A-coded 8-pin, for cable diameter 5 - 8 mm, shielded, field-attachable 9108, 6 Measuring wheel 9109, 6 Measuring wheel for shaft diameter 6 mm 9110, 6 Measuring wheel for shaft diameter 6 mm 9113, 6 Measuring wheel for shaft diameter 6 mm

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Signal	Wire end	5-pin, M12 x 1 connector
CAN GND	green	1
+V _S	red	2
GND	yellow	3
CAN-High	white	4
CAN-Low	brown	5
Shielding	Shielding	Housing
Pinout		2 65 4

Indication

LED-indicator with dual color LED

CAN Run (green)	State	Description
Blinking	Pre-Operational	Boot up message is sent, device configuration is possible, device is in CAN state "Pre-
		Operational"
Single flash	Stopped	The Encoder is in CAN state "Stopped"
On	Operational	The encoder is in CAN state "Operational"
Off		No power supply
Err (red)	State	Description
Off	No error	The Encoder is in operating mode
Flickering	AutoBitrate	Auto baud mode is active and the encoder tries to find within the time out period a valid
		CAN message for baud rate measurement
Single flash	Warning limit reached	At least one of the error counters of the CAN controller has reached or exceeded the
		warning level (too many error frames)
Double flash	Error control event	A guard event (NTM slave or NTM master) or a heartbeat event has occured
On	Bus off	The CAN controller is in stae bus off. No communication possible anymore. Too many
		error frames in the network.

Programming

Programmable CAN operating modes

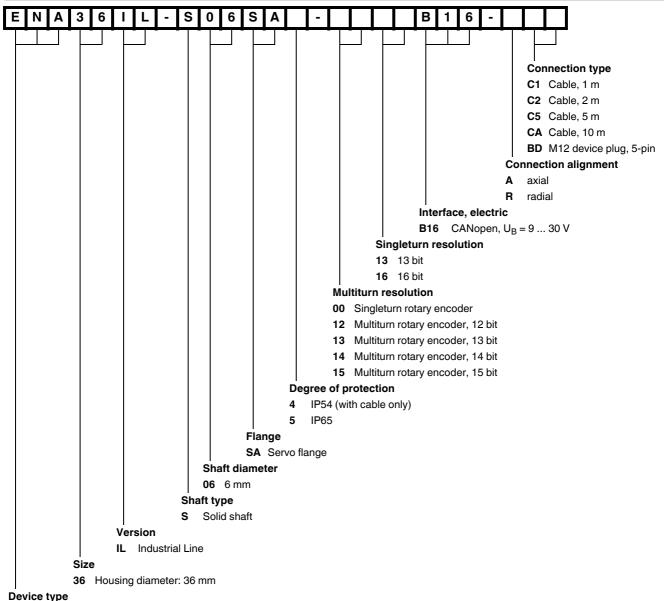
Mode	Explanation
Polled mode	The connected host requests the current actual position value via a remote transmission request telegram. The absolute encoder reads in the current position, calculates all parameters that have been set and sends back the process actual value through the same CAN identifier.
Cyclic mode	The absolute encoder sends the current actual process value cyclically, without being prompted by the host. The cycle time can be programmed in milliseconds for values between 1 ms and 65536 ms.
Sync mode	After the sync telegram has been received by the host, the absolute encoder sends the current actual process value. If multiple nodes should respond to the sync telegram, the individual nodes report one after the other according to their CAN identifier. There is no programming of an offset time. The sync counter can be programmed so that the rotary encoder does not transmit until after a defined number of sync telegrams.

Programmable rotary encoder parameters

Parameter	Explanation
Operating parameter	The direction of rotation (complement) can be specified by parameter as the operating parameter. This parameter determines the direction of rotation in which the output code will ascend or descend.
Resolution per revolution	The "Resolution" parameter is used to program the rotary encoder so that a desired number of steps can be implemented in reference to one revolution.
Preset value	The preset value is the desired position value that must be achieved for a specific physical setting of the axis. The preset value parameter is used to set the actual position value to the desired actual process value.
Min. and max. limit switch	A total of two positions can be programmed. The absolute encoder sets one bit to high state in the 32 Bit actual process value if a value falls outside the range between these two positions.
Cam	8 freely programmable cams can be set within the overall resolution. This produces the functionality of a mechanical cam shifting mechanism.

Type Code

Model number



Device type

ENA Absolute rotary encoder

Installation

Anti-interference measures

The use of highly sophisticated microelectronics requires a consistently implemented anti-interference and wiring concept. This becomes all the more important the more compact the constructions are and the higher the demands are on the performance of modern machines.

The following installation instructions and proposals apply for "normal industrial environments". There is no ideal solution for all interfering environments.

When the following measures are applied, the encoder should be in perfect working order:

- Termination of the serial line with a 120 Ω resistor (between Receive/Transmit and Receive/Transmit) at the beginning and end of the serial line (e.g. the control and the last encoder).
- The wiring of the encoder should be laid at a large distance to energy lines which could cause interferences.
- Cable cross-section of the screen at least 4 mm².
- Cable cross-section at least 0,14 mm².
- The wiring of the screen and 0 V should be arranged radially, if and when possible.
- Do not kink or jam the cables.
- Adhere to the minimum bending radius as given in the data sheet and avoid tensile as well as shearing load.

Operating instructions



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Every encoder manufactured by Pepperl+Fuchs leaves the factory in a perfect condition. In order to ensure this quality as well as a faultless operation, the following specifications have to be taken into consideration:

- Avoid any impact on the housing and in particular on the encoder shaft as well as the axial and radial overload of the encoder shaft
- · The accuracy and service life of the encoder is guaranteed only, if a suitable coupling is used.
- The operating voltage for the encoder and the follow-up device (e. g. control) has to be switched on and off simultaneously.
- Any wiring work has to be carried out with the system in a dead condition.
- The maximum operating voltages must not be exceeded. The devices have to be operated at extra-low safety voltage.

Notes on connecting the electric screening

The immunity to interference of a plant depends on the correct screening. In this field installation faults occur frequently. Often the screen is applied to one side only, and is then soldered to the earthing terminal with a wire, which is a valid procedure in LF engineering. However, in case of EMC the rules of HF engineering apply.

One basic goal in HF engineering is to pass the HF energy to earth at an impedance as low as possible as otherwise energy would discharge into the cable. A low impedance is achieved by a large-surface connection to metal surfaces.

The following instructions have to be observed:

- Apply the screen on both sides to a "common earth" in a large surface, if there is no risk of equipotential currents.
- · The screen has to be passed behind the insulation and has to be clamped on a large surface below the tension relief.
- In case of cable connections to screw-type terminals, the tension relief has to be connected to an earthed surface.
- If plugs are used, metallised plugs only should be fitted (such as sub D plugs with metallised housing). Please observe the
 direct connection of the tension relief to the housing.

Advantage: metalised connector, shield

silicia

clamped with the strain

relief

clamp

Disadvantage: soldering shield on



Safety instructions

Please observe the national safety and accident prevention regulations as well as the subsequent safety instructions in these operating instructions when working on encoders.

If failures cannot be remedied, the device has to be shut down and has to be secured against accidental operation. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{$

Repairs may be carried out only by the manufacturer. Entry into and modifications of the device are not permissible.

Tighten the clamping ring only, if a shaft has been fitted in the area of the clamping ring (hollow shaft encoders). Tighten all screws and plug connectors prior to operating the encoder.



Do not stand on the encoder!



Do not remachine the drive shaft!



Avoid impact!



Do not remachine the housing!