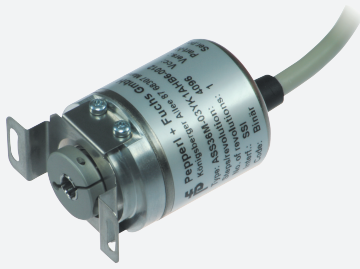


Singleturn absolute encoder

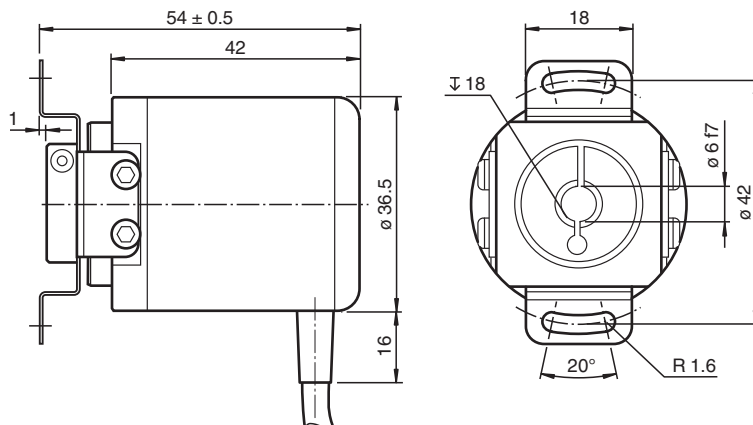
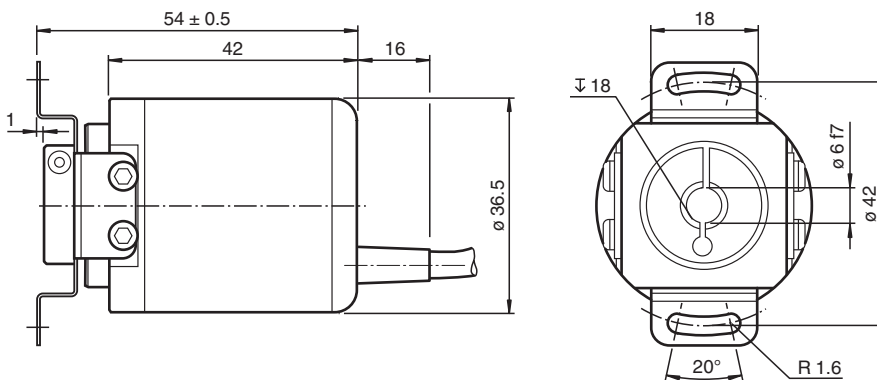
CSS36M-*****



- Very small housing
- High climatic resistance
- Up to 13 Bit singleturn
- Galvanically isolated CAN interface
- Surge and reverse polarity protection
- 2 limit switches
- 8 cam switches



Dimensions



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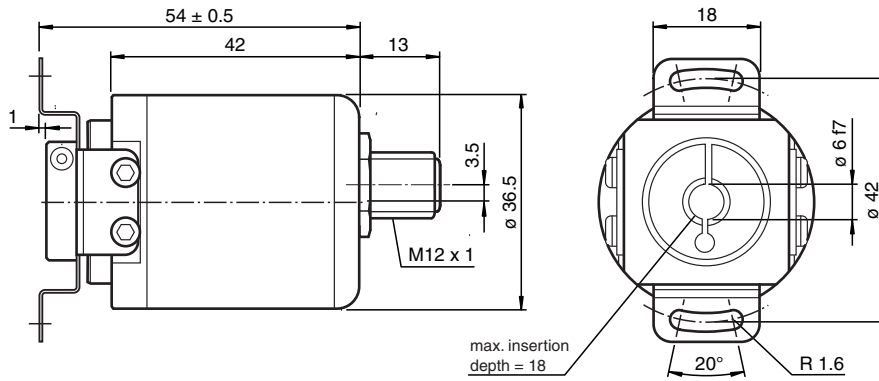
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PF PEPPERL+FUCHS

Dimensions



Recessed hollow shaft

Technical Data

General specifications	
Detection type	magnetic sampling
Device type	Singleturn absolute encoder
Electrical specifications	
Operating voltage	U _B 10 ... 30 V DC
Power consumption	P ₀ approx. 2 W
Linearity	± 0.36 °
Output code	binary code
Code course (counting direction)	adjustable
Interface	
Interface type	CANopen
Resolution	
Single turn	up to 13 Bit (hysteresis: 0.1 °)
Overall resolution	up to 13 Bit
Transfer rate	max. 1 MBit/s
Standard conformity	DSP 406, CLASS 2
Connection	
Connector	M12 connector, 5 pin
Cable	Ø6 mm, 4 x 2 x 0.14 mm ² , 1 m
Standard conformity	
Degree of protection	acc. DIN EN 60529
Connection side	cable models: IP54 connector models: IP65
Shaft side	IP65
Climatic testing	DIN EN 60068-2-3 , 98 % , no moisture condensation
Emitted interference	EN 61000-6-4:2007
Noise immunity	EN 61000-6-2:2005
Shock resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-27, 100 g, 6 ms
Vibration resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-6, 10 g, 10 ... 1000 Hz
Approvals and certificates	
UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose, Class 2 Power Source
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	cable, flexing: -5 ... 70 °C (-23 ... 158 °F), cable, fixed: -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) connector models: -30 ... 85 °C (-22 ... 185 °F)
Storage temperature	cable models: -30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F) connector models: -30 ... 85 °C (-22 ... 185 °F)
Relative humidity	98 % , no moisture condensation

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Technical Data

Mechanical specifications

Material		
Housing		nickel-plated steel
Flange		Aluminum
Shaft		Stainless steel
Mass		approx. 150 g , with cable
Rotational speed		max. 12000 min ⁻¹
Moment of inertia		30 gcm ²
Starting torque		< 3 Ncm
Shaft load		
Axial		40 N
Radial		110 N

Accessories

	V15-G-PG9	Female connector M12 straight A-coded 5-pin, for cable diameter 6 - 8 mm, field-attachable
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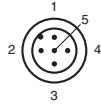
Function

This absolute rotary encoder provides a position value corresponding to the shaft position on its integrated CAN bus interface. The rugged miniature series Cxx36M encoders are based on magnetic sampling.

The integrated CAN-bus interface supports all CANOpen functions. Thus the following modes can be programmed to either enabled or disabled:

- Polled Mode
- Cyclic Mode
- Sync Mode

Connection

Signal	Wire end	5-pin, M12 x 1 connector
CAN GND	green	1
+Vs	red	2
GND	yellow	3
CAN-High	white	4
CAN-Low	brown	5
Shielding	Shielding	Housing
Pinout		

Programming

Programmable CAN operating modes

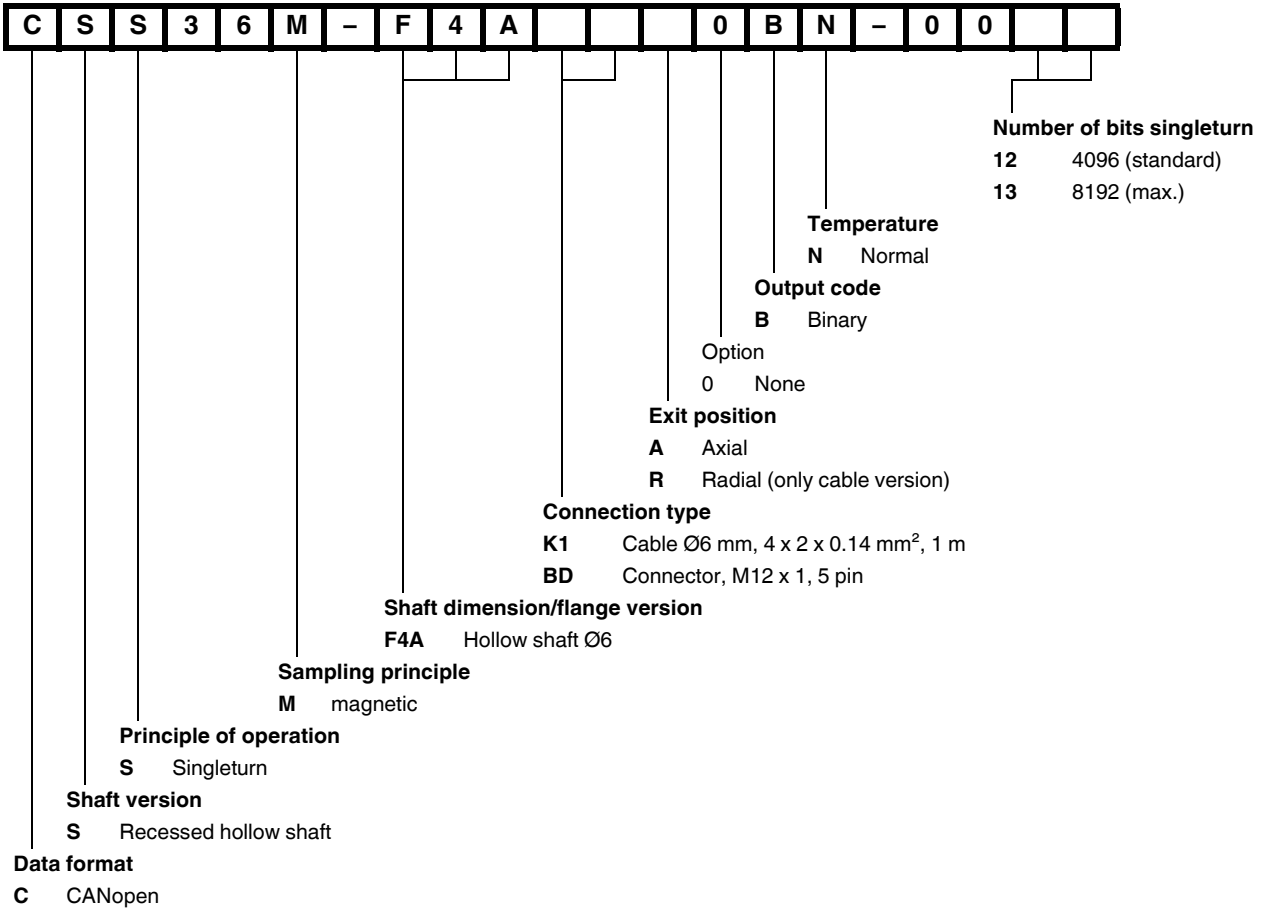
Mode	Explanation
Polled mode	The connected host requests the current actual position value via a remote transmission request telegram. The absolute encoder reads in the current position, calculates all parameters that have been set and sends back the process actual value through the same CAN identifier.
Cyclic mode	The absolute encoder sends the current actual process value cyclically, without being prompted by the host. The cycle time can be programmed in milliseconds for values between 1 ms and 65536 ms.
Sync mode	After the sync telegram has been received by the host, the absolute encoder sends the current actual process value. If multiple nodes should respond to the sync telegram, the individual nodes report one after the other according to their CAN identifier. There is no programming of an offset time. The sync counter can be programmed so that the rotary encoder does not transmit until after a defined number of sync telegrams.

Programmable rotary encoder parameters

Parameter	Explanation
Operating parameter	The direction of rotation (complement) can be specified by parameter as the operating parameter. This parameter determines the direction of rotation in which the output code will ascend or descend.
Resolution per revolution	The "Resolution" parameter is used to program the rotary encoder so that a desired number of steps can be implemented in reference to one revolution.
Preset value	The preset value is the desired position value that must be achieved for a specific physical setting of the axis. The preset value parameter is used to set the actual position value to the desired actual process value.
Min. and max. limit switch	A total of two positions can be programmed. The absolute encoder sets one bit to high state in the 32 Bit actual process value if a value falls outside the range between these two positions.
Cam	8 freely programmable cams can be set within the overall resolution. This produces the functionality of a mechanical cam shifting mechanism.

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Order code



Installation

Anti-interference measures

The use of highly sophisticated microelectronics requires a consistently implemented anti-interference and wiring concept. This becomes all the more important the more compact the constructions are and the higher the demands are on the performance of modern machines.

The following installation instructions and proposals apply for "normal industrial environments". There is no ideal solution for all interfering environments.

When the following measures are applied, the encoder should be in perfect working order:

- Termination of the serial line with a 120 Ω resistor (between Receive/Transmit and Receive/Transmit) at the beginning and end of the serial line (e. g. the control and the last encoder).
- The wiring of the encoder should be laid at a large distance to energy lines which could cause interferences.
- Cable cross-section of the screen at least 4 mm².
- Cable cross-section at least 0,14 mm².
- The wiring of the screen and 0 V should be arranged radially, if and when possible.
- Do not kink or jam the cables.
- Adhere to the minimum bending radius as given in the data sheet and avoid tensile as well as shearing load.

Operating instructions

Every encoder manufactured by Pepperl+Fuchs leaves the factory in a perfect condition. In order to ensure this quality as well as a faultless operation, the following specifications have to be taken into consideration:

- Avoid any impact on the housing and in particular on the encoder shaft as well as the axial and radial overload of the encoder shaft.
- The accuracy and service life of the encoder is guaranteed only, if a suitable coupling is used.
- The operating voltage for the encoder and the follow-up device (e. g. control) has to be switched on and off simultaneously.
- Any wiring work has to be carried out with the system in a dead condition.
- The maximum operating voltages must not be exceeded. The devices have to be operated at extra-low safety voltage.

Notes on connecting the electric screening

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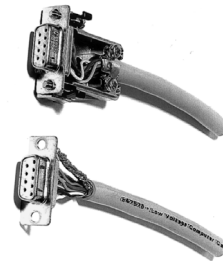
The immunity to interference of a plant depends on the correct screening. In this field installation faults occur frequently. Often the screen is applied to one side only, and is then soldered to the earthing terminal with a wire, which is a valid procedure in LF engineering. However, in case of EMC the rules of HF engineering apply.

One basic goal in HF engineering is to pass the HF energy to earth at an impedance as low as possible as otherwise energy would discharge into the cable. A low impedance is achieved by a large-surface connection to metal surfaces.

The following instructions have to be observed:

- Apply the screen on both sides to a "common earth" in a large surface, if there is no risk of equipotential currents.
- The screen has to be passed behind the insulation and has to be clamped on a large surface below the tension relief.
- In case of cable connections to screw-type terminals, the tension relief has to be connected to an earthed surface.
- If plugs are used, metallised plugs only should be fitted (such as sub D plugs with metallised housing). Please observe the direct connection of the tension relief to the housing.

Advantage:	metallised connector, shield
relief	clamped with the strain clamp
Disadvantage:	soldering shield on

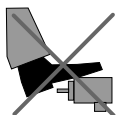


Safety instructions

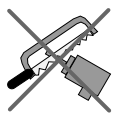
Please observe the national safety and accident prevention regulations as well as the subsequent safety instructions in these operating instructions when working on encoders.

If failures cannot be remedied, the device has to be shut down and has to be secured against accidental operation. Repairs may be carried out only by the manufacturer. Entry into and modifications of the device are not permissible.

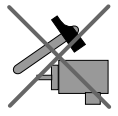
Tighten the clamping ring only, if a shaft has been fitted in the area of the clamping ring (hollow shaft encoders). Tighten all screws and plug connectors prior to operating the encoder.



Do not stand on the encoder!



Do not remachine the drive shaft!



Avoid impact!



Do not remachine the housing!

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