



Multiturn absolute encoder

ASM58-H

- Industrial standard housing Ø58 mm
- 30 Bit multiturn
- Hardware encoder
- Data transfer up to 2 MBaud
- Optically isolated RS 422 interface
- Recessed hollow shaft



Function

This multiturn absolute encoder with modern fast technology transmits a position value corresponding to the shaft setting via the SSI interface (Synchronous Serial Interface). The maximum resolution of the ASM58-H is maximum 65536 steps per revolution at 16384 revolutions.

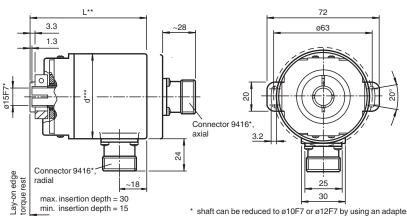
In contrast to the ASM58 series the encoder does not have a microcontroller. Thus, it is a pure hardware encoder.

The control module sends a clock bundle to the absolute encoder to obtain position data. The rotary encoder then sends the position data synchronous to the cycles of the control module. It is possible to select the counting direction with the function input.

The absolute encoder is mounted directly onto the application shaft, without any coupling. Rotation of the absolute encoder is prevented by a

The electrical connection is made by a 12-pin round plug connector. A version with a 1 m cable connector is also available.

Dimensions



- Recessed hollow shaft
- * shaft can be reduced to ø10F7 or ø12F7 by using an adapter
- ** with axial exit position L 81, with radial exit position L 73 *** Aluminium: d = 59, stainless steel: d = 61

Technical Data

General specifications		
Detection type		photoelectric sampling
Device type		Multiturn absolute encoder
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U _B	4.5 30 V DC
No-load supply current	I_0	max. 180 mA
Time delay before availability	t _v	< 250 ms
Linearity		± 2 LSB at 16 Bit, ± 1 LSB at 13 Bit, ± 0,5 LSB at 12 Bit
Output code		Gray code, binary code
Code course (counting direction)		cw descending (clockwise rotation, code course descending)
Interface		
Interface type		SSI
Monoflop time		20 ± 10 μs
Resolution		
Single turn		up to 16 Bit
Multiturn		14 Bit
Overall resolution		up to 30 Bit
Transfer rate		0.1 2 MBit/s
Voltage drop		U _B - 2.5 V
Standard conformity		RS 422
Input 1		
Input type		Selection of counting direction (cw/ccw)
Signal voltage		

Input 1	
Input type	Selection of counting direction (cw/ccw)
Signal voltage	
High	4.5 30 V
Low	0 2 V
Input current	< 6 mA
Switch-on delay	< 10 ms
Connection	
Connector	type 9416 (M23), 12-pin, type 9416L (M23), 12-pin
Cable	Ø7 mm, 6 x 2 x 0.14 mm ² , 1 m
Standard conformity	
Degree of protection	DIN EN 60529, IP65 (without shaft seal); DIN EN 60529, IP66/IP67 (with shaft seal)
Climatic testing	DIN EN 60068-2-3, no moisture condensation
Emitted interference	DIN EN 61000-6-4
Noise immunity	DIN EN 61000-6-2

DIN EN 60068-2-27, 100 g, 6 ms

Shock resistance

Technical Data	
Vibration resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-6, 20 g, 10 2000 Hz
Approvals and certificates	
UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose, Class 2 Power Source
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
Mechanical specifications	
Material	
Combination 1	housing: powder coated aluminum flange: aluminum shaft: stainless steel
Combination 2 (Inox)	housing: stainless steel flange: stainless steel shaft: stainless steel
Mass	approx. 460 g (combination 1) approx. 800 g (combination 2)
Rotational speed	max. 12000 min ⁻¹
Moment of inertia	50 gcm ²
Starting torque	< 5 Ncm
Shaft load	
Angle offset	± 0.9 °
Axial offset	static: ± 0.3 mm, dynamic: ± 0.1 mm
Radial offset	static: ± 0.5 mm, dynamic: ± 0.2 mm

Accessories

	9416	Female cordset
	9416-*M-12P-AVM	Female cordset, M23, 12-pin, PVC cable, 8-core
o d	ACC-PACK-ABSS_58 ø15	Accessories set for Ø58 absolut rotary encoder with recessed hollow shaft 15 mm
on Q	ACC-PACK-ABSS_58 ø14	Accessories set for Ø58 absolut rotary encoder with recessed hollow shaft 14 mm
on Q	ACC-PACK-ABSS_58 ø12	Accessories set for Ø58 absolut rotary encoder with recessed hollow shaft 12 mm
o Q	ACC-PACK-ABSS_58 ø10	Accessories set for Ø58 absolut rotary encoder with recessed hollow shaft 10 mm



Connection

Signal	Cable Ø7 mm, 12-core	Connector 9416, 12-pin	Connector 9416L, 12-pin	Explanation
GND (encoder)	White	1	1	Power supply
U _b (encoder)	Brown	2	8	Power supply
Clock (+)	Green	3	3	Positive cycle line
Clock (-)	Yellow	4	11	Negative cycle line
Data (+)	Grey	5	2	Positive transmission data
Data (-)	Pink	6	10	Negative transmission data
Reserved	Blue	7	12	Not wired, reserved
V/R	Red	8	5	Input for selection of counting direction
Reserved	Black	9	9	Not wired, reserved
Reserved	Violet	10	4	Not wired, reserved
Reserved	Grey/Pink	11	6	Not wired, reserved
Reserved	Red/Blue	12	7	Not wired, reserved
		9 8 10 7 12 6	9 1 12 2 10 3	

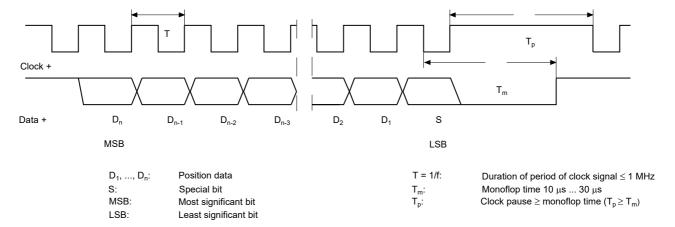
Interface

Description

The Synchronous Serial Interface was specially developed for transferring the output data of an absolute encoder to a control device. The control module sends a clock bundle and the absolute encoder responds with the position value.

Thus only 4 lines are required for the clock and data, no matter what the resolution of the rotary encoder is. The RS 422 interface is optically isolated from the power supply.

SSI signal course Standard



SSI output format Standard

- At idle status signal lines "Data +" and "Clock +" are at high level (5 V).
- The first time the clock signal switches from high to low, the data transfer in which the current information (position data (D_n)
 and special bit (S)) is stored in the encoder is introduced.
- The highest order bit (MSB) is applied to the serial data output of the encoder with the first rising pulse edge.
- The next successive lower order bit is transferred with each following rising pulse edge.
- After the lowest order bit (LSB) has been transferred the data line switches to low until the monoflop time T_m has expired.
- No subsequent data transfer can be started until the data line switches to high again or the time for the clock pause T_p has expired.
- After the clock sequence is complete, the monoflop time T_m is triggered with the last falling pulse edge.
- The monoflop time T_m determines the lowest transmission frequency.

SSI output format ring slide operation (multiple transmission)

- In ring slide operation, multiple transmission of the same data word over the SSI interface makes it possible to offer the possibility of detecting transmission errors.
- In multiple transmission, 25 bits are transferred per data word in standard format.

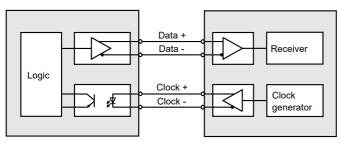


- If the clock change is not interrupted after the last falling pulse edge, ring slide operation automatically becomes active. This means that the information that was stored at the time of the first clock change is generated again.
- After the first transmission, the 26th pulse controls data repetition. If the 26th pulse follows after an amount of time greater than
 the monoflop time T_m, a new current data word will be transmitted with the following pulses.



If the pulse line is exchanged, the data word is generated offset. Ring slide operation is possible up to max. 13 bits.

Block diagram



Line length

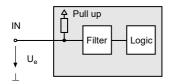
Line length in m	Baudrate in kHz
< 50	< 400
< 100	< 300
< 200	< 200
< 400	< 100

Rotary encoder

Interface electronics

Input

The selection of the counting direction input (V/R) is activated with 0-level.



Type Code

A SSI (Synchronous Serial Interface)

*Housing material I only available with axial exit position.